# **COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA**



Medicaid Enterprise System (MES) Encounters Processing Solution (EPS)

# **Encounters Technical Manual**

for

CCC Plus Medallion 4.0

FFS Non-Emergency Medical Transportation FFS Dental

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**Department of Medical Assistance Services (DMAS)** 

# **Document Version Control**

Date	Document Version	Updated By	Description			
8/18/21	3.0	DRH	Version 3.0 is a major update to the manual. The description of prior version updates has been removed. Prior version updates are available upon request, if needed.			
8/18/21	3.0	DRH	Section 1: Introduction and Purpose Removed statement that the manual is applicable to all encounter that are processed in the MES/EPS. Added statement regarding examples that are included in the document. Added list of encounter uses.			
8/18/21	3.0	DRH	Section 2: Encounter Processing Solution (EPS) in the MES System Enhanced verbiage to accompany EPS diagram. Renamed & reorganized section by adding subsections (see below)			
8/18/21	3.0	DRH	Section 2.1: Overview Enhanced verbiage to provide description of EPS process flow			
8/18/21	3.0	DRH	Section 2.2: EPS Production Environment Added new section			
8/18/21	3.0	DRH	Section 2.3: EPS Test Environment Added new section			
8/18/21	3.0	DRH	Section 2.4: DMAS Support  Added new section. Subsection 2.4.3 now contains DMAS Contact Information which was relocated from top of document. NEMT added to Contact chart.			
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8/18/21	3.0	DRH	Section 3.2.3: Paid & Denied Encounters Enhanced verbiage			
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8/18/21	3.0	DRH	Section 3.2.8: Duplicate Encounter Transactions  Split duplicate check into 3 levels for clarification. Added that level 1 duplicate check constitutes subcontractor ID + Payer Claim ID, instead of Payer Claim ID alone. Added Fill Number as part of the NCPDP duplicate key.			
8/18/21	3.0	DRH	Section 3.2.9: Transportation Services  This section has been reorganized and enhanced. Updates have been made to clarify details and to add transportation requirements that have been previously communicated via email but not reflected in the prior version of the manual. Section 3.2.9 should be reviewed in its entirety.			
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Date	Document Version	Updated By	Description			
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8/18/21	3.0	DRH	Section 3.2.10.2.2: Adjudication/Payment Info - Third-Party Liability (TPL)  Service line adjudication/payment info for third-party payers must be reported when available. Added NCPDP example.			
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5/19/23	3.1	DRH	Updated the manual for FFS Dental in the sections below.  Section 1: Introduction and Purpose Section 2.4.3: FFS Dental (new section) Section 2.4.4: DMAS Contact Information Section 3.2.1: EDI Transactions Section 3.2.15: Dental Services Section 4.1.1: EPS-assigned File Identifier Section 4.1.2: EPS-assigned Transaction Control Number (TCN) Section 6: Business Rules			

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# 1 Introduction and Purpose

This document provides information and guidance for external contractors submitting encounter data for Virginia Medicaid. The information in this document applies to all managed care organizations for the CCC Plus program, Medallion 4.0 program, the Commonwealth's fee-for-service (FFS) non-emergency transportation broker (NEMT), and the Commonwealth's FFS dental administrator. Additional information and requirements are documented in the Virginia Medicaid Encounters Companion Guides, in the specific contracts for each program and the Data Quality Scorecard evaluation guides, when applicable.

The encounter data is used for administrative and analytic purposes such as those specified below. It is essential that the encounter data be complete, accurate and timely in order to provide for the effective utilization of the data.

- Evaluate health care quality
- Rate setting Capitation & FFS
- Determine Disproportionate Share (DSH), Behavioral Health risk adjustments, Chronic Illness and Disability Payment System risk adjustments
- Supplemental payments, Value-based payments, Quality withhold payments, Performance withhold incentive payments
- Financial forecasting
- Drug rebates
- Data analysis for decision making
- Virginia General Assembly reporting
- CMS reporting
- Evaluate contractor performance

In general, unless otherwise specified in the Companion Guides or this document, the encounter data should match the claims data.

For purpose and clarity of this document, please refer to the definitions below:

- The term "Contractor" refers to any entity that contracts with DMAS, under the State Plan and in return for a payment, to
  process claims, to pay for or provide medical services, or to enhance DMAS' capability for effective administration of the
  program.
- The term "Subcontractor" refers to an individual or entity that has a contract with the Contractor that relates directly or indirectly to the performance of the Contractor's obligations under its contract with DMAS.
- The term "Payer" refers to an entity that adjudicates and/or provides payment of the claim to the provider. The Payer and the Contractor may be the same entity. Or, the Payer and the Subcontractor may be the same entity.
- The term "Contract" refers to a specific contract or managed care program, such as CCC Plus, Medallion 4.0, FFS Non-emergency Transportation Services, or FFS Dental services.
- The term "MCO" refers to a Managed Care Organization.

This manual provides examples on various topics. It should be noted that examples may not be provided on all topics and for all transaction types. This does not mean that the encounter requirement is not applicable in those instances where an example is not provided.

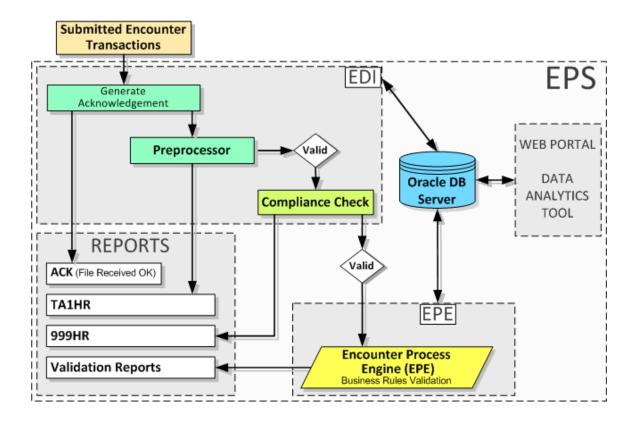
# 2 Encounter Processing Solution (EPS) in the MES system

## 2.1 Overview

The Encounter Processing Solution (EPS) is a primary component of Virginia's new Medicaid Enterprise System (MES). The Virginia MES is an integrated set of functional and operational processes that complies with the CMS Medicaid Information Technology Architecture (MITA) initiative. This initiative is intended to foster integrated business and IT transformation across the Medicaid enterprise (including all external vendors) to improve the administration of the Medicaid program. The key MES components that interface with the EPS are as follows:

- Member demographics, eligibility, and enrollment
- Provider Services Solution (PRSS) for provider demographics, taxonomy, and enrollment
- Reference data for validation and lookup
- Enterprise Data Warehouse Solution (EDWS) for data quality assessment and reporting
- Medicaid Pharmacy Benefit Manager (PBM) Contractor for collection of pharmacy rebates

As shown in the diagram below, the EPS process flow includes: intake of encounter files from external submitters, EDI compliance check, EPS business rule validation, and generation of response reports (processing results) for the submitter. Encounter transactions are stored in EPS and later extracted for other MES components and downstream systems, including a data warehouse where encounter data is available for detailed analysis.





#### 2.2 EPS Production Environment

The EPS production environment is available for the intake of encounter files 24 hours a day, 7 days a week with the exception of the EPS system maintenance window on Friday at 7pm until Saturday at 2am, ET. Encounter files should not be submitted during the EPS system maintenance window. Most EPS software deployments and system changes, including updates to the EPS business rules, occur during this window.

#### 2.3 EPS Test Environment

The EPS trading partner test (TPT) environment is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week for the submission of test encounter files. As a general rule, production implementations are deployed to the TPT environment several days after the production environment is updated. This approach may be project-dependent as there are situations where Contractors will want to test the compatibility of changes on their side against the new encounter requirements in EPS. When this is the case, the DMAS encounter teams will communicate this approach along with the new requirements for the project.

The encounter data content in the TPT environment will not always mirror the encounter data content on the EPS production side. Periodic refreshes are made in the TPT environment to load production member and provider files. Typically, encounter transactions are only refreshed from production when necessary for specific projects. Because the TPT environment is not refreshed as regularly as production, member and provider edits are set as informational edits in the TPT environment. Informational edits are not displayed on the response reports that are returned to the submitter.

The TPT environment should not to be used for routine submission of production files with the intent to preview EPS processing results. Production encounter files may be submitted to the TPT environment on a limited basis when Contractors are testing specific implementations.

# 2.4 DMAS Support

#### 2.4.1 CCC Plus & Medallion 4.0 Encounters

The CCC Plus and Medallion 4.0 contracts are managed by separate divisions within the DMAS organizational structure. Each contract has a dedicated encounter team and encounter mailbox for support. The encounter data in both programs is similar in content and uses equivalent EPS business rules, with a few exceptions. Consequently, the CCC Plus and Medallion encounter teams work closely together to promote consistency in overall encounter governance and EPS business rule updates.

As part of the ongoing support, the CCC Plus and Medallion 4.0 encounter teams jointly conduct a monthly encounter review meeting to review the status of encounter projects, correction of encounter failures, and general oversight of encounter submissions. While the attendance of this meeting is open to all MCO staff, subcontractors and third-party administrators are not included routinely without special permission from DMAS. Subcontractors and third-party administrators may attend the meeting without DMAS approval when specific projects or issues necessitate their attendance.

The CCC Plus and Medallion 4.0 encounter teams also facilitate ad hoc meetings when needed. These meetings may be requested by the MCO or the DMAS encounter teams to cover such topics as encounter requirement clarification, encounter correction guidance, and other daily operation support topics.

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# 2.4.2 FFS Non-Emergency Medical Transportation Encounters

The DMAS FFS Transportation team supports and manages the intake and processing of encounters that are submitted by the DMAS transportation broker. They work closely with the broker to communicate encounter requirements and expectations. The team is available to provide guidance and answer questions when needed.

In addition, the DMAS FFS Transportation team is a major resource to the CCCP and Medallion encounter teams in providing support for defining encounter requirements, EPS business rules, and analyzing managed care transportation encounters. The teams work closely together to promote encounter data consistency for fee-for-service and managed care transportation encounters.

#### 2.4.3 FFS Dental Encounters

The DMAS FFS Dental team supports and manages the intake and processing of encounters that are submitted by the DMAS dental administrator. They work closely with the dental administrator to communicate encounter requirements and expectations. The team is available to provide guidance and answer questions when needed.

#### 2.4.4 DMAS Contact Information

Topic	DMAS Contact
CCC Plus:	
General Encounter Support	
EPS Business Rules	Primary Contact:
Encounter Data Quality Scorecard	CCCPlusEncounters@dmas.virginia.gov
Encounter File Certifications	Copy:
EPS/Payment Cycle Reconciliation	HCSEncounters@dmas.virginia.gov
Encounter Technical Manual	reserved measuring massey
MES/EPS Companion Guides	
Trading Partner Testing	
EDI Compliance Check	
Medallion 4:	
General Encounter Support	
EPS Business Rules	Primary Contact:
Encounter File Certifications	HCSEncounters@dmas.virginia.gov
EPS/Payment Cycle Reconciliation	Copy:
Encounter Technical Manual	CCCPlusEncounters@dmas.virginia.gov
MES/EPS Companion Guides	
Trading Partner Testing	
EDI Compliance Check	
FFS NEMT:	
General Encounter Support	
EPS Business Rules	
Encounter Data Quality Scorecard	Primary Contact:
Encounter File Certifications	<u>Transportation@dmas.virginia.gov</u>
EPS/Payment Cycle Reconciliation	
Encounter Technical Manual	
MES/EPS Companion Guides	
Trading Partner Testing	
EDI Compliance Check	



Topic	DMAS Contact			
FFS Dental:				
General Encounter Support				
EPS Business Rules	Primary Contact:			
Encounter File Certifications	casey.terrell@dmas.virginia.gov			
EPS/Payment Cycle Reconciliation	Copy:			
Encounter Technical Manual	lisa.bilik@dmas.virginia.gov			
MES/EPS Companion Guides				
Trading Partner Testing				
EDI Compliance Check				
DMAS EDI Support:	Primary Contact:			
EDI Enrollment Forms/Registration Package	DMASEDISupport@dmas.virginia.gov			
Trading Partner Agreements				
MFT GoAnywhere Access (FTP) /Availability/Issues	For CCCP & Med4 items, copy:			
EDI File Submission	CCCPlusEncounters@dmas.virginia.gov			
EPS Response Files	HCSEncounters@dmas.virginia.gov			
EPS Portal Access/Availability/Issues				
	For FFS NEMT items, copy:			
	<u>Transportation@dmas.virginia.gov</u>			
	For FFS Dental items, copy:			
	lisa.bilik@dmas.virginia.gov			
Note				
Group mailboxes are to be used by DMAS contracted entities and their designees only				

# **3 Encounter Requirements**

This section covers EPS file and data requirements for all types of encounters.

# 3.1 Encounter Files

# 3.1.1 File Requirements

FILE REQUIREMENTS	REQUIREMENT DETAILS	
Each encounter file must contain 5,000 transactions or less.	Transaction count is based on the following: 837 = CLM segment count NCPDP = G1 segment count	
Subcontractor encounters must be submitted to DMAS by the Contractor.	Subcontractors may not submit encounter files directly to DMAS.	
The Contractor must submit subcontractor encounters in separate files to DMAS. Each subcontractor file(s) should be mutually exclusive (i.e. separate file(s) for Pharmacy, separate file(s) for Vision, separate file(s) for Transportation, etc.).	Subcontractor encounters must not be included in the same file as the Contractor's encounter data or with another subcontractor's encounter data.	
Only one EDI Interchange is allowed per 837 file.	EDI Interchange = All segments between and including the ISA segment and the IEA segment	
File-naming convention for encounter files is unrestricted.	Files may be named in any manner. It is recommended that a standard file extension be used. (Example: .837, .TXT, .EDI, etc.)	
EDI file delimiters are restricted.	For 837 files, the following delimiters must be used:  Data element separator = asterisk (*)  Component element separator = colon (:)  Repetition separator = caret (^)  Segment terminator = tilde (~)	

#### 3.1.2 File Submission Guidelines

Please see the *COV EDI Procedure Manual* for instructions on how to submit Encounter files. Encounter files should follow the submission guidelines below.

FILE SUBMISSION GUIDELINES	GUIDELINE DETAILS
	There is no limit to the number of files that may be
The number of files that may be posted for routine file	submitted per day or week for routine file postings.
submission is unlimited.	(Routine = approximately one payment cycle plus
	corrections to encounters from the prior payment cycle).
	Files may be submitted daily. Corrections to encounter
File submission frequency is unlimited	data may be submitted same-day as original posting.
File submission frequency is unlimited.	Corrections may be posted multiple times per day. Files
	may be submitted 24/7.
Large encounter backlogs must be discussed with DMAS	DMAS will work with the Contractor to create a backlog
prior to submission.	submission schedule for large backlogs.

# 3.1.3 Duplicate Encounter Files

The EDI Preprocessor will evaluate the preexistence of EDI files with same contents that were previously submitted using a hash value calculated using the SHA-256 algorithm. By comparing hash values, the preprocessor ensures that a duplicate file is not created. Duplicate encounter files are not allowed. The discovery of an exact duplicate will halt further processing and a TA1 response will be created. For X12 files, the ISA, GS, ST, BHT, SE, GE, and IEA segments are not included in the hash total.

EPS also checks for duplicates at the transaction level. See section 3.2.8.

#### 3.2 Encounter Data

#### 3.2.1 EDI Transactions

The Administrative Simplification provisions of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) requires that all covered entities must use standard transaction sets when exchanging certain information. In accordance with the law, DMAS uses HIPAA transaction sets as the standard for Virginia Medicaid encounter data submission.

The ANSI X12 Technical Report Type 3 (TR3) and the National Council for Prescription Drug Programs (NCPDP) are the official standard for electronic submission of health care encounter data. Nothing in this documentation is intended to conflict or contradict the ANSI X12 TR3 or NCPDP Implementation Guide.

HIPAA adopted national code sets for use in all transaction sets. These code sets include most of the information currently codified in the UB92 and CMS 1500 paper claims and their electronic counterparts. DMAS will only allow valid procedure codes that are adopted for national use and will not accept local codes.

DMAS currently requires use of a variation of the Provider-to-Payer-to-Payer COB model of the 837 transaction sets, Version 5010, Addendum 2 for facility and professional services. For prescription drugs, the mandated transaction set is the NCPDP Batch Version D.0 Telecommunication Standard. As new versions of the transaction sets are adopted by HIPAA, DMAS will use the newer versions in accordance with HIPAA requirements.

All EDI transactions should pass an EDI compliance check (SNIP Levels 1, 2, 3, 4) before the Contractor submits the encounter data to DMAS.

The matrix below, based on billing entity, should be used to determine which EDI transaction type is appropriate for the reporting the encounter.

Billing Entity	Transaction		
Inpatient Urgent Care Facility	837 Institutional		
Outpatient Urgent Care Facility	837 Institutional		
Inpatient Mental Health Facility	837 Institutional		
Outpatient Mental Health Facility	837 Institutional		
Federally Qualified Health Center	837 Professional		
Long Term Care Facility	837 Institutional		
Skilled Nursing Facility	837 Institutional		
Home Health Provider	Either 837 Institutional or 837 Professional, depending on contract		
	between the MCO and the provider.		
Pharmacy Benefit Manager	NCPDP		
Retail Pharmacy	NCPDP		
Hospital Pharmacy	837 Institutional		
Independent Laboratory	837 Professional		
Hospital-based Laboratory	837 Institutional		
Non-Emergency Medical Transportation	837 Professional		
Emergency Transportation	837 Professional		
Hospital-based Clinic	837 Institutional		
Free-standing Clinic	837 Professional		
Physicians	837 Professional		
Other medical professionals	837 Professional		
Dentist/Dental Clinic	837 Dental		

#### 3.2.2 Service Center and Subcontractor Identifiers

During the registration process, the Contractor will be assigned a Service Center ID and a default Subcontractor ID for non-subcontracted data. If the Contractor will be submitting subcontracted encounter data, a Subcontractor ID will be assigned for each subcontractor. The Subcontractor ID will consist of the Contractor's Service Center ID followed by three characters. The default Subcontractor ID will end in "000". These values will be used to identify the MCO and subcontracted data and non-subcontracted data in the EPS.

	SERVICE CENTER AND SUBCONTRACTOR ID						
Trans Element Type Name		Loop	Segment	Element	Value		
	Security Information Qualifier		ISA	02	Use 4-character Service Center ID assigned by DMAS.		
	Interchange Sender ID		ISA	06			
837	Application Sender's Code		GS	02	If Contractor is submitting non-subcontracted encounter data, use:  Service Center ID + Subcontractor ID default "000"  If Contractor is submitting subcontracted encounter data, use:		
NCPDP	Transaction Header		ØØ-File Control	K1	Service Center ID + Subcontractor ID		

#### 837 Example

## **Example 1: Non-subcontracted data**

### Sample data:

Service Center = CP14
Subcontractor ID default = 000

#### ISA/GS segments:

ISA\*03\*CP14 \*00\* \*ZZ\*CP14000 \*ZZ\*VAMES EPS \*160805\*0509\*^\*00501\*000020498\*1\*P\*:~GS\*HC\*CP14000\*VAMES EPS\*20170522\*0708\*20498\*X\*005010X222A1~

### **Example 2: Subcontracted data**

#### Sample data:

Service Center = CP14 Subcontractor ID = 001

#### ISA/GS segments:

ISA\*03\*CP14 \*00\* \*ZZ\*CP14001 \*ZZ\*VAMES EPS \*160805\*0509\*^\*00501\*000020498\*1\*P\*:~GS\*HC\*CP14001\*VAMES EPS\*20170522\*0708\*20498\*X\*005010X222A1~

NCPDP Example				
Example 1: Non-subcontracted of	lata			
Sample data:				
Service Center = CP14				
<b>Subcontractor ID default =</b> 000				
NCPDP Transaction Header:				
STX00TCP14000	0066546201704060359P125148010900	ETX		
Example 2: Subcontracted data				
Sample data:				
Service Center = CP14				
Subcontractor ID = 001				
NCPDP Transaction Header:				
STX00TCP14001	0066546201704060359P125148010900	ETX		

#### 3.2.3 Paid & Denied Encounters

The contractor is responsible for submitting encounters for all transaction types (837 and NCPDP), which fall into the following categories:

- Paid
- Denied
- · Zero Medicaid payment due to full reimbursement by another payer or bundling of services

For NCPDP transactions, the contractor should submit denied encounters only for those claims that were denied for reasons other than missing information.

The EPS will use the PYMS Payment Status value that is populated by the Payer on the inbound encounter transaction (K3 segment) to determine if the encounter is paid or denied. See section 3.2.10.1 for further details.

#### 3.2.4 Subcontractor Encounters

Subcontractor encounters must be submitted to DMAS by the Contractor. The subcontracting entity may not post encounter transactions directly to DMAS. All subcontractor encounters should be EDI compliance-checked through SNIP Levels 1, 2, 3, and 4 prior to submission.

#### 3.2.5 Payer Claim Identifier

The EPS requires a unique Payer Claim ID (i.e., Submitter Claim ID) for each encounter within each Subcontractor ID. Because this ID will be used for claims research and for audit purposes, the Contractor must be able to identify the source claim with the ID submitted in the encounter. It is the Contractor's responsibility to ensure that subcontractor encounter transactions also contain a unique Payer Claim Identifier. Please see section 3.2.8 for details regarding the duplicate encounter transaction validation in EPS.

RESEND and RESUBMISSION transactions are an exception as these transactions must contain the Payer Claim ID of the transaction that is being corrected. See section 5 for further detail.

	PAYER CLAIM IDENTIFIER										
Name	Trans Type	Loop	Segment	Element	Value	Requirements					
Davier Claims ID	837P 837I 837D	2300	CLM	01	Payer Claim ID	Must be unique for original, replacement, and void transactions. Exception: RESEND & RESUBMISSION (See section 5)					
Payer Claim ID				CX	99	Patient ID Qualifier					
	NCPDP		AM01	CY	Payer	Must be unique for B1 transactions (new					
	INCEDE		AIVIUI		Claim ID	billings). Exception: RESEND &					
						RESUBMISSION (See section 5)					

## 3.2.6 National Provider Identifier (NPI)

The NPPES-registered NPI must be included when reporting provider information on the Encounter.

### 3.2.7 Provider Taxonomy

A valid taxonomy code is required for each provider NPI that is present on the encounter at the loops shown below. To be considered valid, the taxonomy code must be present in the TAXONOMY EPS Cache Code Set, which can be viewed in the EPS Portal. In addition, the provider taxonomy code should be associated with the provider in PRSS.

Please see section 3.2.9.1 for special considerations regarding taxonomy for Transportation encounters.

	PROVIDER TAXONOMY										
Trans Type	Doc/Line Level	Loop	Segment	Element	Value	Requirements					
	Document	2000A				-					
837P	Document	2310B				Taxonomy code must be present for each					
	Line	2420A				provider NPI on the encounter.					
0271	0271	2000A				Taxonomy code must be found on the EPS					
8371	Document	2310A			T	Cache Code set.					
		2000A	PRV	03	Taxonomy code	For transportation services, the taxonomy code					
	Desument	2310A				must be associated with a "transportation"					
837D	Document	2310B				<ul> <li>taxonomy code on the EPS Cache Code set.</li> <li>Taxonomy code associated with the provider</li> </ul>					
8370		2310D				on the encounter should also be associated					
	Line	2420A				with the provider in PRSS.					
	Line	2420B				with the provider in PN33.					
NCPDP		•		NCPDP doe	es not support	t taxonomy code					



#### 3.2.8 Duplicate Encounter Transactions

Duplicate encounter transactions should not be submitted to EPS. The logic below is used to identify duplicate encounter transactions in EPS. Please note that **RESEND** and **RESUBMISSION** transactions are excluded from duplicate encounter transaction editing as these transactions must contain the Payer Claim ID of the transaction that is being corrected. See Section 5 for further detail.

#### Level 1

For 837 and NCPDP transactions, the combination of Subcontractor ID + Payer Claim ID must be unique. If two transactions are received with the same Subcontractor ID and Payer Claim ID, the second transaction will fail as a duplicate Payer Claim ID, regardless of the payment status, *since a unique Payer Claim ID is expected* on all 837 and NCPDP transactions. When the second transaction is processed, its status will be set automatically to FAIL and INACTIVE. It will not appear on the EPS Failure Log report or be included in the Data Quality Scorecard "encounter completeness" measure.

#### Level 2

NCPDP transactions are validated at an additional level for uniqueness. The second check is based on matching Servicing Provider NPI + DOS + Rx No. + NDC + Fill Number. *Encounters with a denied payment status are excluded from this matching logic.* If a second <u>paid</u> B1 transaction matching all five key fields is received and the first B1 transaction has not been reversed by a B2 transaction, it will fail as a duplicate. Its status will be automatically set to FAIL and INACTIVE. It will not appear on the EPS Failure Log report or be included in the Data Quality Scorecard "encounter completeness" measure.

#### Level 3

837I encounters are flagged as possible duplicates for post-processing review by DMAS when they match to another active institutional encounter on the combination of Service Center + Member ID + DOS + Billing Provider + Total Charge + Bill Type. DMAS will request research and remediation by the Contractor periodically. Similar informational edits will be implemented in the future to identify duplicate 837P encounters.

	EPS Duplicate Transaction Check									
	Data Elements - Level 1									
TRANS TYPE	NAME	LOOP	SEGMENT	ELEMENT / FIELD						
837P 837I 837D	Payer Claim ID	2300	CLM	01						
NCPDP	Payer Claim ID		AM01	CY						

EPS Duplicate Transaction Check Data Elements - Level 2									
TRANS TYPE	NAME	SEGMENT	FIELD						
	Servicing Provider NPI	Transaction Header	201-B1						
	Date of Service (DOS)	Transaction neader	401-D1						
NCPDP	Prescription No.		402-D2						
	National Drug Code (NDC)	AM07	407-D7						
	Fill Number		403-D3						

#### 3.2.9 Transportation Services

The 837P (professional) transaction must be used for submitting <u>all</u> transportation services. This includes emergency and non-emergency transportation services as there are no exceptions to this requirement. See section 3.2.1 for further documentation regarding EDI transactions.

#### 3.2.9.1 Identifying Transportation Encounters in EPS

Each transportation encounter must contain a taxonomy code from the EPS Cache Code set TRANSPTAXONOMY at the BILLING provider level. The EPS will use the billing provider taxonomy code to identify the encounter as containing transportation services. Once identified as a "transportation" encounter, the transaction will be subject to all EPS transportation business rules/edits.

Only taxonomy codes in the EPS TRANSPTAXONOMY Cache Code set may be used for transportation providers. The Cache Code set can be viewed in the EPS Portal. DMAS will consider additions to the code set upon request.

	TRANSPORTATION Identifying Transportation Encounters in EPS								
Trans Type	Loop	Segment	Element	Value	Requirement				
			01	BI	Billing provider taxonomy is required.				
837P	2000A	PRV	02	PXC	For an encounter to be identified as a				
			03	Value from	"transportation" encounter, a				
				EPS Cache Code Set	transportation taxonomy code must be				
				TRANSPTAXONOMY	present at the BILLING provider level.				

#### 3.2.9.2 Ambulance Services

Ambulance services are categorized in EPS as emergency or non-emergency by procedure (a.k.a. service) code. The category can be determined by reviewing the cache code sets in the EPS Portal. All ambulance service codes are listed in AMBUPROCCODES. Emergency ambulance service codes are listed in the EMERAMBUPROCS. The non-emergency ambulance service codes are those that are in AMBUPROCCODES but not EMERAMBUPROCS. The EPS data requirements are different for each category. Please see the transportation data requirements grid in section 3.2.9.10 for further information.

#### 3.2.9.2.1 Emergency and Non-Emergency Services must be reported separately

Non-emergency and emergency services must be reported on separate encounters. These services must not be mixed on the same encounter transaction.

#### 3.2.9.2.2 Emergency and Non-Emergency Ambulance Services - Mileage Reporting

The trip mileage for all ambulance services (non-emergency and emergency) must be reported under a designated mileage procedure code at the service line level in loop 2400 SV104. The Transport Distance field in loop 2300 CR106 and loop 2400 CR106, when present, must be populated with zero.

The mileage code must be submitted on the same encounter as the ambulance service code and must either immediately precede or follow the service code line. For example, an encounter for a multi-leg trip with two ambulance service code lines followed by two mileage code lines will fail validation because only one service code line is adjacent to a mileage code line. The chart below provides the service code and mileage code association. This information is also available in the EPS SERVICE-MILEAGE and MILEAGE-SERVICE cache code sets, which can be viewed in the EPS Portal.



TRANSPORTATION Ambulance Services - Service & Mileage Code Reporting									
Transportation Procedure Code									
Mode		Service Code			Mileage Code				
Land	A0225	A0428	A0433	A0425					
	A0426	A0429	A0434						
	A0427	A0432	A0999						
Air Fixed Wing	A0430			A0435					
Air Rotor Wing	A0431			A0436	_				

## 3.2.9.2.3 Emergency and Non-Emergency Ambulance Services – Place of Origin/Destination Modifiers

Each ambulance service code line must include a two-letter modifier that will identify the place of origin and destination of the ambulance trip. The first letter will describe the origin of the transport and the second letter will describe the destination. For example, when a patient is picked up at his/her residence and transported to the hospital, the modifier to describe the origin and destination would be "RH". The valid values for the ambulance origin and destination modifiers are available in the AMBUMODIFIERS cache code set in the EPS Portal.

The origin/destination modifier should be sent only on the ambulance transport service codes that are listed in the AMBUPROCCODES cache code set in the EPS Portal.

	TRANSPORTATION  Ambulance Services – Place of Origin/Destination										
Trans Type	Document/ Line Level	Loop	Segment	Element	Value	Requirements					
837P	Line	2400	SV1	01-3	Procedure Code Modifier	<ul> <li>Ambulance services must contain procedure code modifiers to identify place of origin and destination.</li> <li>The procedure code modifiers must be on the EPS AMBUMODIFERS Cache Code set.</li> </ul>					

#### 3.2.9.2.4 Non-Emergency Ambulance Services – Medicare Affirmed/Non-affirmed Number

Medicare affirmed/Non-affirmed numbers for ambulance services should be reported on the encounter when applicable.

	TRANSPORTATION Ambulance Services - Crossover Claims								
Trans Type	Document/ Line Level	Loop	Segment	Element	Value	Requirements			
027D	Document	2220B	REF	01	G1 (Prior Authorization)	Mandatory when applicable			
65/P	837P Document 2330B R	הבר	02	Affirmed / Non-affirmed number	Mandatory when applicable				

#### 3.2.9.3 Pick-up/Drop-off Location Name and Address

The pick-up location name and address is required for all transportation services except emergency ambulance services, third party liability/crossover claims and claims submitted directly to the plan (e.g., CMS-1500 paper claims).

The drop-off location name and address is required for all transportation encounters except when the modifier QL or SH accompanies an ambulance service code. For claims submitted on the CMS-1500, the drop-off location should be recorded in Block 32 "Service Facility Location Information". When a CMS-1500 is used, each leg of a round trip should be reported on a separate claim.

The pick-up and drop-off location name and address are required at both the Document level (loops 2310E/2310F) and the Line level (loops 2420G/2420H). In cases where there are multiple trip legs included in the encounter, the Document level pick-up and drop-off location should reflect the information for the first leg of the trip reported on the first service line (LX\*1), regardless of the number of trip legs.

	TRANSPORTATION Pick-up / Drop-off Location										
Trans Type	Doc/Line Level	Loop	Segment	Element	Value	Requirement					
				Pick-	-up Location						
			NM1	01	PW=Pick-up location	Mandatory for most transactions					
			IVIVII	02	2=Non-person entity	·					
	Document	2310E	N3	01	Address	Exceptions:					
	Document	23106		01	City	<ul> <li>Emergency ambulance services</li> </ul>					
			N4	02	State	(EPS EMERAMBUPROCS Cache					
				03	Postal Code	Code set)					
			NM1	01	PW=Pick-up location	Third party liability/crossover					
		2420G	INIVIT	02	2=Non-person entity	claims					
			N3	01	Address	<ul> <li>Claims submitted directly to Plan</li> </ul>					
	Line		N4	01	City	(typically paper claims)					
				02	State						
						Please see the transportation data					
837P				03	Postal Code	requirements grid in section 3.2.9.10					
5571				Duan	off Location	for further information.					
			I	Г							
			NM1	01	45=Drop-off location						
			NO	<u> </u>	2=Non-person entity Address	Mandatory for most transactions					
	Document	2310F	N3	01		,					
				01	City	Exceptions:					
			N4	02	Statue	When QL or SH modifier is					
				03	Postal Code	present					
			NM1	01	45=Drop-off location						
				02	2=Non-person entity	Please see the transportation data					
	Line	2420H	N3	01	Address	requirements grid in section 3.2.9.10					
				01	City	for further information.					
			N4	02	State						
				03	Postal Code						



#### 3.2.9.4 Non-ambulance Transport Services – Mileage Reporting

This section is applicable to non-emergency transportation service codes that are not included in the EPS AMBUPROCCODES cache code set. Refer to Section 3.2.9.2 for Emergency and Non-Emergency Ambulance mileage reporting requirements.

# 3.2.9.4.1 Reporting Mileage for Non-Ambulance Transport Services Other than Stretcher Van T2005

The trip mileage for non-ambulance transportation services must be reported at the service line level in loop 2400 SV104 on the transportation service code line. The mileage should not be submitted under a separate mileage code, with the exception of T2005. The Transport Distance field in loop 2300 CR106 and loop 2400 CR106, when present, must be populated with zero.

#### 3.2.9.4.2 Reporting Mileage for Stretcher Van T2005

The trip mileage for the T2005 Stretcher Van service must be reported under mileage procedure code T2049 at the service line level in loop 2400 SV104. The Transport Distance field in loop 2300 CR106 and loop 2400 CR106, when present, must be populated with zero.

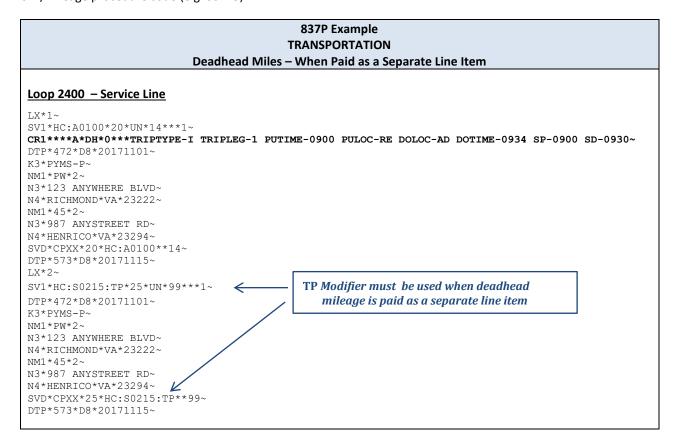
The mileage code must be submitted on the same encounter as the T2005 service code and must either immediately precede or follow the service code line. For example, an encounter for a multi-leg trip with two transport service code lines followed by two mileage code lines will fail validation because only one service code line is adjacent to a mileage code line. The chart below provides the service code and mileage code association. This information is also available in the EPS SERVICE-MILEAGE and MILEAGE-SERVICE cache code sets, which can be viewed in the EPS Portal.

TRANSPORTATION						
Stretcher Van –T2005 - Service & Mileage Code Reporting						
Transportation	Proc	edure Code				
Mode	Service Code Mileage Code					
Stretcher Van (non-emergency)	T2005	T2049				

#### 3.2.9.4.3 Reporting Deadhead Mileage When Paid as a Separate Line Item

Deadhead miles are miles driven by a transportation provider without a member on-board.

When the deadhead miles are paid as a separate line item, the "TP" modifier must be used along with the appropriate transportation CPT/mileage procedure code (e.g. S0215).



## 3.2.9.5 Supplemental Trip Information

Transportation encounters for all categories of transport other than emergency ambulance must contain supplemental trip information. The transportation data requirements grid in section 3.2.9.10 specifies the supplemental data requirements by category.

The 837P CR1 segment in loops 2300 and/or 2400 is used to capture the supplemental information. Fields CR104, CR105 and CR106 are required by the EDI standard. CR104 and CR105 should be populated as specified by the standard. CR104 may be populated with 'A' as the default when the other values do not apply. The value for the CR106 Transport Distance element must <u>always</u> be populated with zero for <u>all types</u> of transportation, including emergency/non-emergency ambulance. The supplemental trip data must be reported in the CR109 element using a defined field label ("Field" column in chart below), a hyphen immediately following, and the field value. The field label must appear exactly as shown in the chart. Field/value pairs may be in any order. There must be at least one space as a delimiter between the pairs. See the 837P examples below.



#### 3.2.9.5.1 Trip Number

The trip number is reported at the header level in Loop 2300 CR109 with the field name TRIPNUM. The trip number must be nine digits in length. If the payer's internal trip number is less than nine digits, the trip number on the encounter record must be right-justified and zero-filled to equal nine digits (e.g., 23 is reported as 000000023).

#### 3.2.9.5.2 Trip Type

The trip type is reported at the line level in Loop 2400 CR109 with the field name TRIPTYPE. The trip type identifies the trip as being a round, initial one-way, return one-way or transfer trip. The valid values for this field are specified in the TRIPTYPECODE cache code set in the EPS Portal.

#### 3.2.9.5.3 Trip Legs

Each leg of a trip must be reported as a separate service line in the encounter. The trip leg is identified at the line level in Loop 2400 CR109 with the field name TRIPLEG. The valid values for this field are specified in the TRIPLEG cache code set in the EPS Portal.

#### 3.2.9.5.4 Pick-up and Drop-off Location Codes

The pick-up and drop-off location codes are reported at the line level in Loop 2400 CR109 with the field names PULOC and DOLOC, respectively. These codes identify the purpose of the trip (e.g., residence to doctor's office) and should not be confused with the pick-up and drop-off location name and address. The valid values for these fields are specified in the PICKUPDROPOFFLOC cache code set in the EPS Portal.

#### 3.2.9.5.5 Pick-up and Drop-off Times (Actual)

The actual pick-up and drop-off times are reported at the line level in Loop 2400 CR109 with the field names PUTIME and DOTIME, respectively. The times must be expressed in a HHMM 24-hour format (e.g., 1530).

#### 3.2.9.5.6 Scheduled Pick-up Time and Scheduled Appointment/Drop-off Time

The scheduled pick-up and scheduled appointment/drop-off times are reported at the line level in Loop 2400 CR109 with the field names SP and SD, respectively. The times must be expressed in a HHMM 24-hour format (e.g., 1530).

There are three exceptions to the standard reporting requirements for this data.

# • Trips with no scheduled appointment time (e.g., trip to grocery store)

When there is no scheduled appointment time, the scheduled appointment/drop-off time must be set to the actual drop-off time.

#### Will Call

When a scheduled pick-up and/or scheduled appointment/drop-off time is unknown because the member has arranged to call for pick-up, the SP or SD field must be set to midnight (example: SP-0000 and/or SD-0000).

### Hospital Discharge

Below is a suggested approach for populating time values for a transportation trip that includes a hospital discharge. Other methods may be used but should be approved by DMAS. It should be noted that the use of a "will call" should not be used for a hospital discharge scenario.

The hospital discharge trips are normally one-way trips. Therefore, the trips can be entered for encounters by using the following steps:

- 1a. The transportation broker can enter the scheduled pick-up as the time it is called into reservations or time-stamped by the scheduling system.
- 1b. Actual pick-up time is the time that the provider enters once the provider arrives at the hospital to pick up the member.



- 2a. Scheduled drop off time should be three (3) hours from the time the discharge is called into the NEMT Program's reservation call center.
- 2b. Actual drop-off time is the time the provider actually drops member off at address called to transport member to.

With this approach, DMAS will calculate the discharge three-hour requirement by using the time the discharge is called into the reservation line (1a or 2a) call center and the time the provider arrives at the hospital (1b).

Hospital discharges that are called in advance can be rescheduled as URGENT trips for the next day or same day if the hospital states what time the discharge is to take place.

						NSPORTATION p Information											
Doc/Line Level	Trans Type	Loop	Seg	Elem	Description												
				04		ransport Reason Cod lefault when the othe	•	•	37P star	ndard. Code A may be							
Document				05	Basis of Mea	Basis of Measurement - Populate with DH per the X12 837P standard											
Level	837P	2300	CR1	06	Transport Dis	stance/Mileage - Pop	ulate with a v	alue of <b>ZERO</b> a	always								
				09	FIELD TRIPNUM	DESCRIPTION  Trip Number*	USAGE See section 3.2.9.10	FORMAT nnnnnnnn	SIZE 9	VALID VALUE 000000001-99999999							
				04		ransport Reason Cod lefault when the othe	le - Populate		37P star	ndard. Code A may be							
				05	Basis of Mea	surement - Populate	with DH per t	he X12 837P s	tandard	<u> </u>							
				06	Transport Dis	stance/Mileage - Pop	ulate with a v	alue of <b>ZERO</b> a	always								
					TRIPTYPE	Trip Type	See section 3.2.9.10	FORMAT	SIZE 2	VALID VALUE  Value from  TRIPTYPECODE  Cache Code Set							
					TRIPLEG	Trip Leg	See section 3.2.9.10	Х	1	Value from TRIPLEG Cache Code Set							
						PUTIME	Pick-up time (actual)	See section 3.2.9.10	ннмм	4	00-23{НН]00-59[ММ]						
							DOTIME	Drop-off time (actual)	See section 3.2.9.10	ннмм	4	00-23[НН]00-59[ММ]					
Line Level	837P	2400	CR1		PULOC	Pick-up location code	See section 3.2.9.10	XX	2	Value from PICKUPDROPOFFLOC Cache Code Set							
			09				09	09	09	09	09	DOLOC	Drop-off location code	See section 3.2.9.10	XX	2	Value from PICKUPDROPOFFLOC Cache Code Set
					SP	Scheduled Pick-up time (A leg, B leg, C leg, etc.)	See section 3.2.9.10	ННММ	4	00-23[НН]00-59[ММ]							
						SD	Scheduled appointment time or scheduled appointment/drop off time	See section 3.2.9.10	ННММ	4	00-23[НН]00-59[ММ]						
			• Each p	should be at least one s air must have one hyph iir values may be in any umber must be 9 digits	nen (-) betweer vorder.	n the field and v	alue.	tified and zero-filled.									



Transportation Trip Information										
	837P – CR1 Segment – Examples									
	Note: Sample data contains a provide	er internal trip number that is less than 9 digits.								
	Trip Number=000023									
Sample	Trip Type=I	Trip Leg=A								
Data	Pick-up Location Code=AD	Pick-up Time (Actual) =1820								
	Drop-off Location Code=HO	Drop-off Time (Actual)=1850								
	Scheduled Pickup Time=1820	Scheduled Appointment Time=1845								
Document	Note: Trip number has been right-just	tified and zero-filled to create a 9-digit trip number								
Level										
Example	CR1****A*DH*0***TRIPNUM-00000023~									
Line										
Level	CR1****A*DH*0***TRIPTYPE-I TF	RIPLEG-A PUTIME-1820 PULOC-AD DOTIME-1850 DOLOC-HO SP-1825 SD-1845~								
Example										

# TRANSPORTATION Single-Leg Trip Example 837P

**Example: One-leg trip ONLY** 

#### **Header Level (Home to Doctor)**

CR1\*\*\*\*A\*DH\*0\*\*\*TRIPNUM-00000001~

HI\*ABK:A228~

NM1\*DN\*1\*PROVIDER1\*NANCY\*U\*\*\*XX\*9999999999

NM1\*82\*1\*PROVIDER2\*MARIA\*A\*\*\*XX\*9999999988~

PRV\*PE\*PXC\*3416A0800X~

 ${\tt NM1*77*2*CHKDOUTPATIENT~DEPARTMENT****XX*1164501581}{\sim}$ 

N3\*601 CHILDRENS LN~

N4\*NORFOLK\*VA\*89502~

NM1\*PW\*2~

N3\*123 ANYWHERE DR~

N4\*NORFOLK\*VA\*89505~

NM1\*45\*2~

N3\*601 CHILDRENS LN~

N4\*NORFOLK\*VA\*89505~

#### **Line Level (Home to Doctor)**

LX\*1~

SV1\*HC:T2003\*50\***UN\*25**\*\*\*1~

CR1\*\*\*\*A\*DH\*0\*\*\*TRIPTYPE-X TRIPLEG-1 PUTIME-0900 PULOC-RE DOTIME-0934 DOLOC-DO SP-0900 SD-0930~

DTP\*472\*D8\*20170321~

REF\*6R\*124109261~ K3\*PYMS-P~

NM1\*PW\*2~

N3\*123 ANYWHERE DR~

N4\*NORFOLK\*VA\*89505~

NM1\*45\*2~

N3\*601 CHILDRENS LN~

N4\*NORFOLK\*VA\*89505~

# TRANSPORTATION – Multi-Leg Trip Example 837P

**Example: Two-leg trip** 

#### **Header Level (Home to Doctor)**

CR1\*\*\*\*A\*DH\*0\*\*\*TRIPNUM-00000001~

HI\*ABK:A228~



```
NM1*DN*1*PROVIDER1*NANCY*U***XX*9999999999
NM1*82*1*PROVIDER2*MARIA*A***XX*999999988~
PRV*PE*PXC*3416A0800X~
NM1*77*2*CHKDOUTPATIENT DEPARTMENT****XX*1164501581~
N3*601 CHILDRENS LN~
N4*NORFOLK*VA*89502~
NM1 * PW * 2 ~
N3*123 ANYWHERE DR~
N4*NORFOLK*VA*89505~
NM1 *45 *2~
N3*601 CHILDRENS LN~
N4*NORFOLK*VA*89505~
Line Level
Leg 1 or A: Home to Doctor
T.X*1~
SV1*HC:T2003*50*UN*25***1~
CR1****A*DH*0***TRIPTYPE-X TRIPLEG-A PUTIME-0900 PULOC-RE DOLOC-AD DOTIME-0934 SP-0900 SD-0930~
DTP*472*D8*20170321~
REF*6R*124109261~
K3*PYMS-P~
NM1*PW*2~
N3*123 ANYWHERE DR~
N4*NORFOLK*VA*89505~
NM1 *45 * 2 ~
N3*601 CHILDRENS LN~
N4*NORFOLK*VA*89505~
Leg 2 or B: Doctor to Home
SV1*HC:T2003*50*UN*25***1~
CR1****A*DH*0*** TRIPTYPE-X TRIPLEG-B PULOC-AD PUTIME-1600 DOLOC-RE DOTIME-1634 SP-1600 SD-1630~
DTP*472*D8*20170321~
REF*6R*124109262~
K3*PYMS-P~
NM1 * PW * 2 ~
N3*601 CHILDRENS LN~
N4*NORFOLK*VA*89505~
NM1*45*2~
N3*123 ANYWHERE DR~
N4*NORFOLK*VA*89505~
```

#### 3.2.9.6 Third-Party Liability (TPL) / Crossover Transportation Claims

As a best practice for TPL and crossover claims, please send the accurate trip information in the CR1 segment if it is available. If not available, optional trip information should be omitted and default values should not be used. Most of the EPS trip information rules do not apply to encounters with other payers, but there are some exceptions. Please see the transportation data requirements grid in section 3.2.9.10 for further information.

# 3.2.9.7 Transportation-Related Services & Special Cases

Transportation-related services must be reported on an encounter. A list of the services that fall into this category is available in the TRANSREIMBPROCS cache code set in the EPS Portal. Only those codes with an active status are relevant. Please note that mass transit passes are addressed below in Section 3.2.9.8 and that taxi cabs do not fall into this category.

Transportation-related services require the use of the Supervising Provider Name fields in Loop 2310D, NM103 and 2420D, NM103 to document the name of the provider or payee. Please refer to the examples at the end of this section and refer to the transportation data requirements grid in section 3.2.9.10 for the additional data requirements.

TRANSPORTATION Transportation-related Services & Special Cases								
Trans Doc/Line Loop Segment Element Value Requiremen								
	Line	Line 2420D	NM1	01	DQ			
				02	1			
837P				03	Last Name	Mandatory at the Line		
83/P				04	First Name (when applicable)	Level		
			REF	01	LU			
				02	Trip Number	1		

#### 3.2.9.7.1 Transportation Attendants

A transportation attendant is a person that is approved by the broker to accompany a member or a group of members during transport only.

Reimbursement for a transportation attendant(s) will be made to the transportation provider by the transportation broker or internal transportation service for monitoring a member or a group of members when it is necessary for the safety of the member(s) to ensure timeliness of the trip and to reduce behavioral problems in-route. The attendant is employed by the transportation provider.

Transportation attendant services should be reported under service code T2001. The unit of measure for the units reported in Loop 2400 SV104 should be 1 unit for every 30 minutes Please note that "transportation attendant" (CPT T2001) should not be confused with "attendant care services" (CPT S5125).

#### 3.2.9.7.2 Services provided by a Transportation Network Company (TNC)

Transportation services provided by a TNC company must be reported with service code A0120 (*Non-emergency transportation: mini-bus or other transportation systems*). Multiple TNCs should not be reported on the same encounter.

The TNC company (e.g. Uber, Lyft, UZURV) could enroll to get an NPI number and taxonomy code. If the TNC does not have an NPI and taxonomy code, the broker/internal transportation's NPI should be used with taxonomy code 172A00000X. Do not use an API. Specify the provider (payee) as "TNC— and the name of the TNC company" in Loops 2310D, NM103 and 2420D, NM103 as shown in the example below.

#### 3.2.9.7.3 Other Transportation Related Services

Some examples of other types of services in this category are as follows:

- Gas reimbursement for transportation provided by family members, neighbors, case workers, etc.
- Parking fees, tolls, other (e.g., postage)
- Member and escort lodging
- Member and escort meals

An escort is defined as a family member, friend or facility employee who accompanies a Medicaid member (any age) for the entire trip and stays with the member at the destination.

The name of the person being reimbursed (payee) must be submitted in Loops 2310D, NM103 and 2420D, NM103 as shown in the example below.

#### 837P - Example **Transportation-Related Services & Special Cases** Procedure Codes: A0090, A0110, A0120, A0140, A0160, A0170, A0180, A0190, A0200, A0210, T2001 Loop 2000B - Subscriber SBR\*S\*18\*\*\*\*\*\*MC~ NM1\*IL\*1\*SUBSCRIB LSTNM\*SUBSCRIB FRSTNM\*E\*\*\*MI\*9999999999999 N3\*100 ANYSTREET LANE~ N4\*AFTON\*VA\*229202834~ DMG\*D8\*19440817\*F~ NM1\*PR\*2\*VAMES EPS\*\*\*\*\*PI\*DMAS MEDICAID~ Loop 2300 - Claim CLM\*709101003009\*100\*\*\*99:B:1\*Y\*A\*Y\*Y~ **Document Level -**REF\*D9\*709101003009~ Trip Number - REQUIRED K3\*DREC-20170920 DADJ-20170925 DPYM-20171006 K3\*CN101-05~ CR1\*\*\*\*A\*DH\*0\*\*\*TRIPNUM-000100003~ Document Level - Supervising Provider Loop - OPTIONAL Last Name - Transportation Escort, TNC Company Name, Hotel, etc. HI\*ABK:R99~ NM1\*DQ\*1\*PROVIDER LSTNM\*PROVIDER FRSTNM~ First Name - Only when applicable (e.g., Transportation Escort) ID - Trip Number (Must match 2300, CR109 TRIPNUM) REF\*LU\*000100003~ Loop 2310E - Ambulance Pick-up Location **Document Level - Pick-up Location - REQUIRED** NM1\*PW\*2~ N3\*238 PICKUP ADDRESS~ N4\*AFTON\*VA\*229202834~ Document Level - Drop-off Location - REQUIRED <u>Loop 2310F – Ambulance Drop-off Location</u> NM1\*45\*2\*RONALD MCDONALD HOUSE~ N3\*3727 14TH ST NE~ N4\*WASHINGTON\*DC\*200173004~ SBR\*P\*18\*\*\*\*\*\*MC~ AMT\*D\*100~ OI\*\*\*Y\*\*\*Y~ NM1\*IL\*1\*SUBSCRIB LSTNM\*SUBSCRIB FRSTNM\*E\*\*\*MI\*9999999999999 NM1\*PR\*2\*DEPT OF MED ASSIST SVCS\*\*\*\*PI\*NE01~ <u>Loop 2420D – Supervising Provider Information</u> T.X \* 1 ~ SV1\*HC:A0180:RD\*100\*UN\*1\*\*\*1~ Line Level CR1 data CR1\*\*\*\*A\*DH\*0\*\*\*TRIPTYPE-I TRIPLEG-A PULOC-RE PUTIME-1600 DOLOC-UN DOTIME-1700~ **OPTIONAL** DTP\*472\*D8\*20170910~ K3\*PYMS-P~ Line Level - Supervising Provider Loop - REQUIRED K3\*CN101-05~ NM1\*DQ\*1\*PROV LSTNM\*PROV FRSTNM~ Last Name-Transportation Escort, TNC Company Name, Hotel, etc. REF\*LU\*000100003~ First Name-Only when applicable (e.g., Transportation Escort) ID - Trip Number (Must match 2300, CR109 TRIPNUM) <u>Loop 2420G – Ambulance Pick-up Location</u> NM1\*PW\*2~ Line Level - Pick-up Location - REQUIRED N3\*238 PICKUP ADDRESS~ N4\*AFTON\*VA\*229202834~ <u>Loop 2420H – Ambulance Drop-off Location</u> Line Level - Drop-off Location - REQUIRED NM1\*45\*2\*RONALD MCDONALD HOUSE~ N3\*3727 14TH ST NE~ N4\*WASHINGTON\*DC\*200173004~ SVD\*NE01\*100\*HC:A0180:RD\*\*1~ DTP\*573\*D8\*20171006~

#### 3.2.9.8 Mass Transit Passes

Mass transit passes, such as bus or subway passes, must be reported to DMAS via encounter transactions using CPT code A0110. Please follow the procedures for special cases in section 3.2.9.6. The supervising provider in loop 2420D may vary based on how the pass is purchased which is listed in the chart below.

Please see the following sections for methods of reporting monthly, daily, and single-use passes. DMAS must receive encounter transactions as they appear in the vendor's claims processing system. For DMAS reconciliation purposes, EPS encounter transaction counts must match vendor claim counts.

Please see the transportation data requirements grid in section 3.2.9.10 for further information.

TRANSPORTATION Mass Transit Passes										
Trans Type	Document / Line Level	Loop	Segment	Element	Value	Requirements				
	Document	2300	SV1	01-2	A0110	CPT code A0110 must be used for mass transit passes				
				01	DQ	EDI qualifier to indicate Supervising     Provider segment				
837P	Line	2400	NM1	03	Last name	<ul> <li>If the member purchases the pass and is reimbursed, populate supervising provider last name with member last name</li> <li>If the transportation vendor purchases the pass and sends it to the member, populate supervising provider last name with transit company name</li> </ul>				
				04	First name	If the member purchases the pass and is reimbursed, populate supervising provider first name with member first name				

#### 3.2.9.8.1 Mass Transit - Additional Dates & Payment Status

For Mass Transit Passes, the following definitions will be used for the required additional date and payment status information that is reported on the K3 segment. Please note that these definitions override the descriptions listed in Section 3.2.10.1.

#### **Document Level**

- Date of Receipt (DREC) = Date of Service (mandatory)
- Date of Adjudication (DADJ) = Date of Service (mandatory)
- Date of Payment (DPYM) = Date of Service (mandatory)
- Payment Status (PYMS) = Payment status will always be paid (mandatory)

#### Line Level

Payment Status (PYMS) = Payment status will always be paid (mandatory)



#### 3.2.9.8.2 Mass Transit - Monthly Passes

Monthly mass transit passes may be reported via encounter transaction(s) in one of the two ways:

• Submit the first encounter transaction with the full price of the monthly pass on the first date of service. Subsequent encounter transactions should be submitted for each date of service with a \$0 payment amount.

Example: Monthly bus pass cost \$35 with 10 dates of service.

First encounter transaction will be submitted <u>on the first date of service</u> for the month with a payment amount of \$35. Nine encounter transactions will follow for each date of service with a payment amount of \$0.

OR

• Submit an encounter transaction for each date of service, dividing the cost of the monthly pass by the number of date of service trips for the monthly pass timeframe.

Example: Monthly transit pass cost \$35 with 10 dates of service.

Ten encounter transactions will be submitted. Each encounter transaction for each date of service will have a payment amount of \$3.50 and a unit of 1.

#### 3.2.9.8.3 Mass Transit - Daily or Single-use Passes

Daily or single-use passes may be reported in one encounter transaction with the cost of the single pass as the payment amount <u>on</u> the date of service.

#### 3.2.9.9 Transportation Enhanced Benefits

When a transportation service is an enhanced benefit (i.e., value-added service) offered by the MCO, the enhanced benefit indicator must be present at the service line. See Section 3.2.16 for technical instructions on how to identify a service as an enhanced benefit in an encounter.

The purpose of the trip must be documented with the use of the pick-up and drop-off location codes, which are addressed in Section 3.2.9.5.4. Examples include code "GS" (Grocery Store) or "BS" (Barber – Hair/Beauty Salon). In addition, transportation to and from an appointment for a value-added service such as vision care should also be designated as an enhanced benefit.



# 3.2.9.10 Transportation Data Requirements Grid

O= Optional R = Required S = Situational

DATA DESCRIPTION	EMERGENCY AMBULANCE	TRANSPORTATION-RELATED SERVICES/SPECIAL CASES	ANY ENCOUNTER WITH COB	NON-EMERGENCY AMBULANCE	NON-EMERGENCY	NEMT CLAIMS SUBMITTED DIRECTLY TO THE PLAN
	(Non-mileage codes in EMERAMBUPROCS) WITH NO COB	(Codes in TRANSREIMBPROCS) BUS PASSES (A0110 only) TNC SERVICES (A0120 only)		(Non-mileage codes in AMBUPROCCODES that are not In EMERAMBUPROC)	(Codes in TRANSPROCCODES that are not in AMBUPROCCODES, TRANSREIMBPROCS or BYPASS_TRANS_OTHER_SERVICE_PROCS)	(Typically CMS-1500 Paper Claims) EXCLUDES SPECIAL CASES, EMERGENCY AMBULANCE & COB PLEASE REFER TO THOSE COLUMNS
Claim Source	Any	Any	Any	Vendor/Broker/Internal Scheduler Subcontractor ID NOT IN TRANSBYPASS_SUBCONTRACTORS	Vendor/Broker/Internal Scheduler  Subcontractor ID  NOT IN  TRANSBYPASS_SUBCONTRACTORS	Plan Subcontractor ID IN TRANSBYPASS_SUBCONTRACTORS
AMBULANCE ORIGIN/ DESTINATION MODIFIER	R	NA	S-Required for ambulance encounters	R	NA	S-Required for ambulance encounters
DROP-OFF LOCATION NAME, ADDR, CITY, STATE, ZIP	S – Required unless modifier is QL or SH	R	R	S – Required unless modifier is QL or SH	R	5 – Required unless ambulance modifier is QL or SH
DROP-OFF LOCATION CODE	0	0	0	S – Required unless modifier is QL or SH	R	0
DROP-OFF TIME	0	0	0	S - Required unless modifier is QL or SH	R	0
SCHEDULED APPT/DEPARTURE TIME	0	0	0	S - Required unless modifier is QL or SH	R	0
PICK-UP LOCATION NAME, ADDR, CITY, STATE, ZIP	0	R	0	R	R	0
PICK-UP LOCATION CODE	0	0	0	R	R	0
PICK-UP TIME	0	0	0	R	R	0
SCHEDULED PICK-UP TIME	0	0	0	S – Required unless modifier is QL or SH	R	0
SERVICE MILEAGE CODE	S – Required unless modifier is QL or SH	0	S-Required for T2005	S — Required unless modifier is QL or SH	S - Required for T2005	S – Required for T2005 and ambulance encounters without QL or SH modifier
NAME OF TRANSPORTATION ESCORT, PURCHASER for BUS PASSES, TNC COMPANY	NA	R	NA	NA.	NA	NA NA
TRIP NUMBER	0	R	0	R	R	0
TRIPLEG	0	0	0	R	R	0
TRIPTYPE	0	0	0	R	R	0



# 3.2.9.11 Transportation Cache Code Sets

Transportation Cache Code Set Name	Transportation Cache Code Set Description			
AMBUMODIFERS	Origin and destination modifiers for ambulance encounters			
AMBUPROCCODES	Service codes for emergency and non-emergency ambulance transportation			
BYPASS_AMBUPROCCODES	Service codes that bypass the drop-off location address and drop-off time edits when a modifier in the PAT_DECEASED_MODS cache code set is present			
BYPASS_TRANS_OTHER_SERVICE_PROCS	Non-transportation service codes (e.g., supplies, EKG) that may be present on a transportation encounter. The transportation edits do not set for these service codes.			
EMERAMBUPROCS	Service and mileage codes for emergency ambulance transportation			
MILEAGECODE	Mileage codes that require a specific transportation service code as indicated in the MILEAGE-SERVICE cache code set			
MILEAGE-SERVICE	Required mileage and service code pairs. The mileage code must be submitted with the specified service code.			
PAT_DECEASED_MODS	Ambulance modifiers that indicate a patient may not have been transported due to death.			
PICKUPDROPOFFLOC	Pick-up and drop-off location codes			
SERVICECODE	Service codes that require a specific mileage code as indicated in the SERVICE-MILEAGE cache code set			
SERVICE-MILEAGE	Required service and mileage code pairs. The service code must be submitted with the specified mileage code.			
TRANSBYPASS_SUBCONTRACTORS	The subcontractor ID that identifies encounters for non-emergency transportation claims that were submitted directly to the Plan. Some transportation edits are relaxed for paper claims that could not be submitted through the transportation broker/scheduling department.			
TRANSBYPASSMODS	Modifiers to indicate deadhead miles. Some transportation edits are relaxed for deadhead mileage charges.			
TRANSPROCCODES	CPT (service) codes that are accepted on a transportation encounter			
TRANSPTAXONOMY	Taxonomy codes that indicate transportation providers			
TRANSREIMBPROCS	Service codes for special case and transportation-related services such as gas reimbursement, hotel charges, meals, parking fees, tolls, bus passes and other transportation services.			
TRIPLEG	Trip leg codes			
TRIPTYPECODE	Trip type codes			

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# 3.2.10 Adjudication/Payment Information

#### 3.2.10.1 Additional Dates & Payment Status

The Payer is required to provide additional dates and payment status information about the claim in the encounter as documented in the first example at the bottom of this section.

Please use the definitions below for encounters that originate from adjudication (original, replacement, void, etc.). For EPS corrections (RESEND or RESUBMISSION, see section 5 for further explanation), the date value should remain unchanged on the transaction unless the reason for the correction is to change/correct the date(s) or payment status.

The definitions below are applicable to all encounters except for services provided by Consumer-Directed Attendants (see section 3.2.13 for special instructions) and Transportation Mass Transit Passes (see section 3.2.9.8 for special instructions). The payment status is required at the document and service line level.

#### **Document Level**

- Date of Receipt (DREC) = Date that the Payer received the transaction from the provider (mandatory).
- Date of Adjudication (DADJ) = Date that the Payer adjudicated the transaction (mandatory).
- Date of Payment (DPYM) = Date that the Payer pays the claim (check date, remit date, or EFT date).
- Payment Status (PYMS) = The document level payment status will indicate whether an encounter is considered paid or denied. The document level payment status is based on the payment status of the service line(s). When all service lines are denied, the document level payment status is denied. If one or more service lines are paid (\$0 or >\$0), then the document level payment status must be set to paid.

For NCPDP transactions, the Date of Receipt, Date of Adjudication, and Date of Payment submitted in the 350-HN segment must be populated with the date for the time zone in which the transaction occurred. This requirement is to accommodate scenarios where there is a time zone difference between point-of-sale and adjudication.

#### Line Level

- Date of Payment = The line level payment date is reported in Loop 2430 DTP03 segment where DTP01 = 573. Please refer to Section 3.2.10.2 for additional information.
- Payment Status (PYMS) = The line level payment status will indicate whether the service line is considered
  paid or denied. The line level payment status is based on the <u>Medicaid</u> payment determination regardless
  of the payment amount. A service line with a Medicaid covered service and a \$0 Medicaid payment due
  to reimbursement by another payer or bundling of services, for example, is considered paid.



837 – Additional Payment Dates & Status								
Doc/Line Level	Trans Type	Loop	Segment	Element	Description			
Document Level	837P 837D 837I	2300	кз	01	FIELD DESCRIPTION USAGE FORMAT/VALUE  DREC Date of Receipt Mandatory CCYYMMDD  DADJ Date of Adjudication Mandatory CCYYMMDD  DPYM Date of Payment Mandatory CCYYMMDD  PYMS Payment Status - Paid Mandatory P Payment Status - Denied D  Note:  There should be at least one space between the pair values  Each pair must have one hyphen(-) between the field and value  The pair values may be in any order			
Line	837P 837D	2400	К3	01	FIELD PYMS	DESCRIPTION Payment Status - Paid Payment Status - Denied	USAGE Mandatory	FORMAT/VALUE P D
Level	8371	2400	NTE	02	FIELD PYMS	DESCRIPTION  Payment Status - Paid  Payment Status - Denied	USAGE Mandatory	FORMAT/VALUE P D

	837 Example								
Sample Format	DREC-CCYYMMDD DADJ-CCYYMMDD DPYM-CCYYMMDD PYMS-x								
K3 Segment	K3*DREC-20170223 DADJ-20170224 DPYM-20170225 PYMS-P  OR  K3*DREC-20170223 DADJ-20170224 DPYM-20170225 PYMS-D								

NCPDP – Payment Date & Status								
Doc/Line Level	Trans Type	Loop	Segment	Element	Description			
Document Level	NCPDP	АМ	AM01	HN	• Eac	DESCRIPTION  Date of Receipt  Date of Adjudication  Date of Payment  Payment Status - Paid  Payment Status - Denied  ere should be at least one spath pair must have one hyphen  e pair values may be in any or	(-) between the	



NCPDP Example									
Sample Format	DREC-CCYYMMDD DADJ-CCYYMMDD DPYM-CCYYMMDD PYMS-x								
HN Field	HNDREC-20170223 DADJ-20170224 DPYM-20170225 PYMS-P  OR  HNDREC-20170223 DADJ-20170224 DPYM-20170225 PYMS-D								

## 3.2.10.2 Payment Amount & Date

#### All encounters require a Medicaid payment amount.

For paid encounters, the payment amount should reflect the amount paid to provide services to the member and should not reflect a capitated or salaried reimbursement arrangement.

In most cases, paid claims will contain at least one service line that has a payment amount greater than zero. However, there are instances when a zero-pay amount is appropriate for a paid encounter. For example, when a third-party payer makes a payment for a service and the payment covers the total billed amount or exceeds the Medicaid allowable amount, then a zero-pay by the Medicaid payer is appropriate. Another instance, the Medicaid payer could have an arrangement with a subcontractor whereby the subcontractor payment is capitated. In this case, it would be appropriate for the subcontractor to indicate a zero-pay for the service rendered.

Denied claims must always have a payment amount of zero.

On 837 transactions, Loop 2320 (Other Subscriber Information) is used to report Payment/Adjudication information. Loop 2320 should be repeated for <u>each payer</u> that is involved in the payment of the claim (MCO entities are considered payers). Loop 2330B identifies the Payer and coordinating loop 2430 will contain the detailed adjudication/payment information. Please note the usage of the following elements:

- SBR01 (Payer Responsibility Sequence Number) indicates the order in which the claim is adjudicated when multiple payers are involved. Medicaid is always the payer of last resort.
- SBR09 (Filing Indicator Code) must be populated with the appropriate indicator to specify the carrier type. For example, Medicare Part B would use "MB". Medicaid (including MCOs) will use indicator "MC".
- Loop 2430, SVD01 (Other Payer Primary Identifier) must match the appropriate value in loop 2330B, NM109 (Other Payer Primary Identifier) for adjudication information to be complete.

	837 – Adjudication/Payment Information										
Trans Type	Loop	Segment	Element	Value	Description	Requirement					
837P 837I 837D	2320	SBR	01	Most common: P=Primary S=Secondary T=Tertiary All TR3 values accepted	Payer responsibility sequence number code; When multiple payers, Medicaid is always last.	Mandatory					
			09	Most common: MC=Medicaid/MCO	Claim Filing Indicator Code; Medicaid/MCO must use "MC".	Mandatory					



	1	1	T		
			MA=Medicare A		
			MB=Medicare B		
			CI=Commercial Insurance		
			All TR3 values accepted		
		01	D	Payer Paid Amount	Mandatory
	АМТ	02	Payment amount (COB) COB Total Paid Amount		Mandatory when line amount not available
2330B	NM1	09	Medicaid/MCO use Service Center Id	Other Payer Primary Identifier Must match 2430.SVD.01	Mandatory
		01	Medicaid/MCO use Service Center Id	Other Payer Primary Identifier Must match 2320B.NM1.09	
2430	SVD	02	Payment amount (line)	Line payment amount must be present when possible. Otherwise, COB total paid amount must be present (2320.AMT.02).	Medicaid- Mandatory TPL-Mandator
		01	573	Date Qualifier	when available
	DTD	02	D8	Date – CCYYMMDD format	
	DTP	03	Payment cycle date	Payment cycle in which the claim was paid or denied.	

On NCPDP transactions, the Coordination of Benefits/Other Payments segment (AM05) is used to report payment/adjudication information. The Coordination of Benefits/Other Payments Count (338-5C) will indicate the number of payers that are reported within the segment. <u>Each payer</u> that is involved in the payment of the claim (MCO entities are considered payers) should be reported in a separate COB/Other Payments occurrence within the Coordination of Benefits/Other Payments segment (AM05) in accordance with the NCPDP standard.

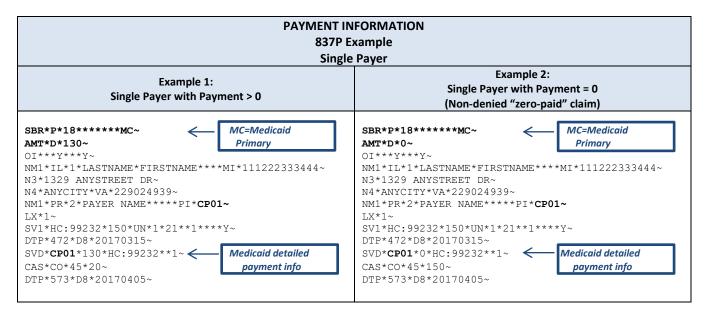
	NCPDP - Adjudication/Payment Information											
Trans Type	Loop	Segment	Element	Value	Description	Requirement						
			4C	1-9	COB/Other Payments Count - EPS will accept a maximum of 9 occurrences (in accordance with the NCPDP standard)	Mandatory						
			5C	01-09	Other Payer Coverage Type – Medicaid is always the last payer	Mandatory						
		6C	03 or 99	Other Payer ID Qualifier 03 = BIN ID 99 = Other	Mandatory							
NCPDP		AM05	7C	Medicaid/MCO use 4- digit Service Center ID	Other Payer ID	Mandatory						
										E8	Payment cycle date	Payment cycle in which the claim was paid or denied
			НВ	1	Other Payer Amount Paid Count - Only 1 Amount Paid allowed	Mandatory						
			НС	07	Other Payer Amount Paid Qualifier 07 = Drug Benefit	Mandatory						
			DV	Payment amount	Other Payer Amount Paid	Mandatory						



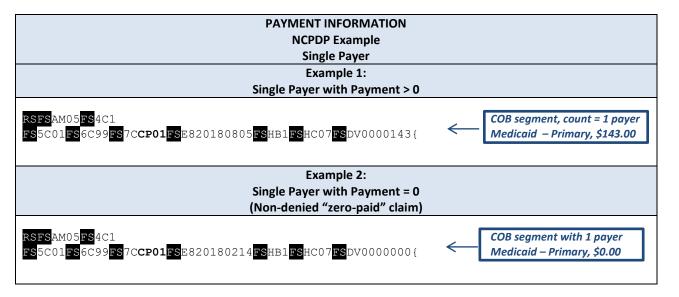
#### 3.2.10.2.1 Single Payer

The example below shows an 837P encounter where only one payer (Medicaid) was involved in the payment of the claim. Service line adjudication/payment info must always be reported for Medicaid payers.

837I transactions will follow the same pattern.



The example below shows a NCPDP encounter where only one payer (Medicaid) was involved in the payment of the pharmacy claim.

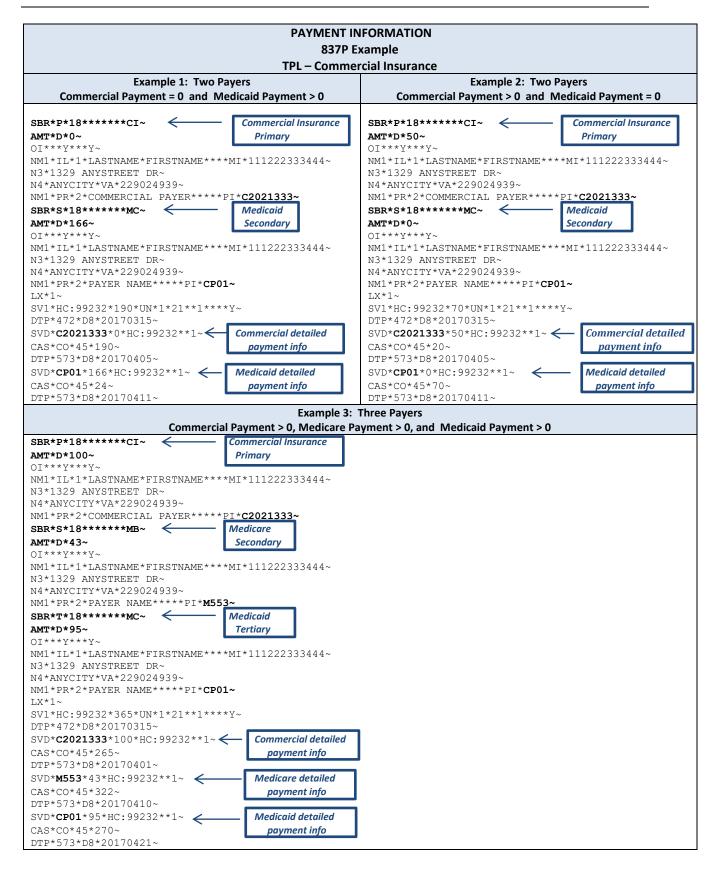


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#### 3.2.10.2.2 Third-Party Liability (TPL)

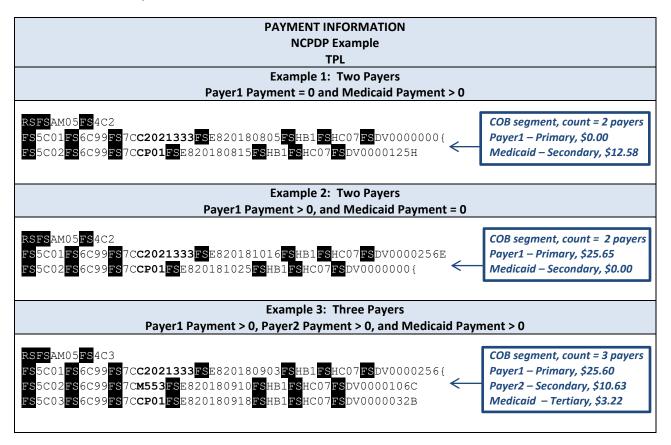
If there is third-party liability (TPL) involved in the payment of the claim, the Contractor is required to submit the TPL adjudication/payment information in addition to his own payment information. This includes crossover or commercial claims submitted to the Medicaid plan/MCO where there is no Medicaid/MCO payment required or TPL in which there was a "zero payment". TPL may originate from other payers such as Medicare and Commercial carriers.

When more than one third-party payment is involved, each third-party payer adjudication information must be reported <u>separately</u> via loop 2320 for 837 transactions. Service line adjudication/payment info for third-party payers must be reported when available. See example below.



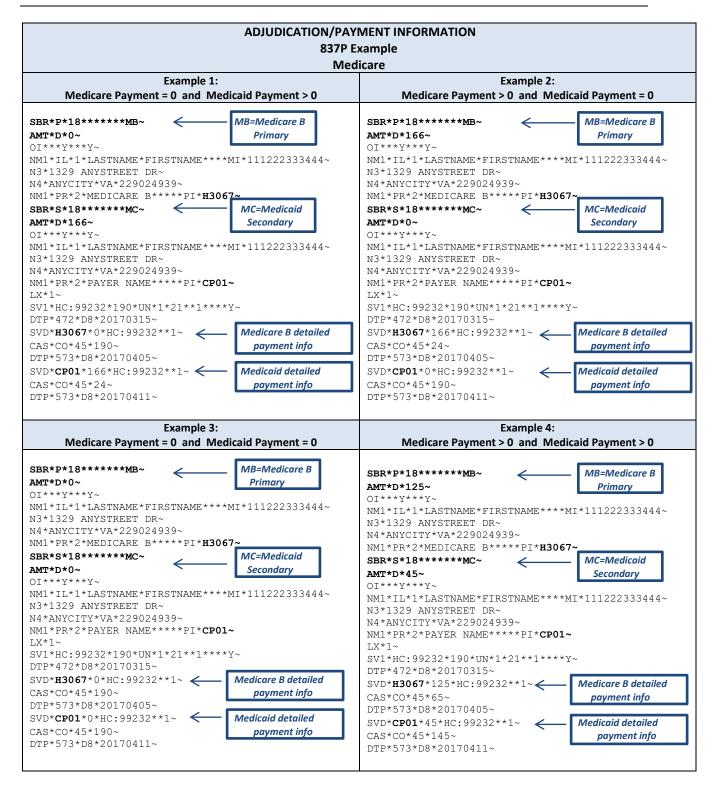


When more than one third-party payment is involved, each third-party payer adjudication information must be reported <u>separately</u> via an additional occurrence within the COB/Other Payments segment (AM05) for NCPDP transactions. See example below.



#### 3.2.10.2.3 Medicare

If there is Medicare payment involved with the claim, the Contractor is required to submit the Medicare adjudication/payment information in addition to his own payment information. This includes Medicare crossover claims submitted to the Medicaid plan/MCO for which there is no Medicaid/MCO payment required. Also included are claims in which there was a "zero payment" by Medicare. In addition, any claims for which the Medicaid plan/MCO was responsible for the Medicare covered services as a MA or D-SNP plan. The plans will calculate and separately record the Medicare and Medicaid liability for claim payment it makes to a provider as both the Medicare (MA or DSNP) and Medicaid payer. For 837 transactions, Medicare adjudication/payment information is reported in the same manner as TPL using loops 2320, 2330B, and 2430. Several 837P examples below show Medicare payment. 837I transactions will follow the same pattern.





## 3.2.11 Supplemental Contract Information

The EPS EDI compliance check will not allow the CN1 segment on 837 transaction sets. If an encounter is submitted with this segment present at the document or line level, the EDI compliance check will set an error. In place of the CN1 segment, contractual information must be reported in the K3 segment. All encounters should identify how the claim was paid using values from the CN1 segment, but sent in the document level K3 segment. NOTE: Show the payment arrangement between the Payer and the provider, not the arrangement between DMAS and the Contractor.

				837 – Co	ntract Ir	nformation			
Doc/Line Level	Trans Type	Loop	Segment	Element			Description		
Document Level	837P 837D 837I	2300	К3	01	FIELD CN101	DESCRIPTION Contract Type Code	USAGE Mandatory	SIZE 2	FORMAT/VALUE 99
					CN102 CN103	Contract Amount Contract Percent	Optional Optional	10 3	9999999.99 999
					CN104	Contract Code	Optional	3	XXX
					CN105	Discount Percent	Optional	3	999
Line Level	=··· 2400   K3		01	• The	e K3 segment containi ere should be at least of h pair must have one e pair values may be in ere is no CN1 segment	one space betwe hyphen (-) betwe n any order	en the pa	ir values	

	837 Example
Sample Format	CN101-99 CN102-9999999.99 CN103-999 CN104-xxx CN105-999 CN106-xxxx
K3 Segment with CN1 data requirements	K3*CN101-01 CN102-50.23 CN103-34 CN104-AB1 CN105-57 CN106-V01 K3*CN101-01 CN102-50.23 CN103-34 K3*CN101-01 CN102-50.23 CN103-34 CN104-AB2 K3*CN101-01 CN102-50.23 CN104-AB1 CN105-57 CN106-V01



### 3.2.12 Drug Services

#### 3.2.12.1 Drug Rebates

DMAS is required by the Affordable Care Act to collect pharmacy rebates for drugs provided to Medicaid members in an outpatient setting who are enrolled in a managed care arrangement. For successful rebate collection, pharmacy/drug encounters must contain certain required fields, e.g., NDC, MCO payment date, MCO payment amount. Drugs may be submitted as pharmacy or medical for the following transaction types: Pharmacy (NCPDP), Professional (837P), and Institutional (837I).

The following data elements must be populated on the EDI transaction to DMAS for successful rebate collection from the manufacturer.

	EDI Reference						
Data Element	NCPDP	837P	837I (outpatient only)				
	Field	Loop.Segment.Element	Loop.Segment.Element				
			Claim level: 2320.AMT.01=D				
MCO payment amount	431-DV	2430.SVD.02	2320.AMT.02				
Wico payment amount	431-DV	2430.370.02	OR				
			Service level: 2430.SVD.02				
	443-E8		Claim level: 2330B.DTP01=573				
		2420 DTD 04 572	2330B.DTP03				
MCO payment cycle date		2430.DTP.01=573	OR				
		2430.DTP.03	Service level: 2430.DTP.01=573				
			2430.DTP.03				
Medicaid member ID	302-C2	2010BA.NM1.09	2010BA.NM1.09				
NDC	407 D7	2410.LIN.02=N4	2410.LIN.02=N4				
NDC	407-D7	2410.LIN.03	2410.LIN.03				
Drug unit of measure	N/A	2410.CTP.05-1	2410.CTP.05-1				
(837 only)	IV/A	2410.017.03-1	2410.C1F.03-1				
Drug unit/quantity	442-E7	2410.CTP.04	2410.CTP.04				



#### 3.2.12.2 340B Drugs

340B drugs are not eligible for rebate. The Contractor must have a process in place to identify 340B drugs so that the drug may be excluded from rebate collection. The technical requirements for 340B drug identification are shown below.

	DRUG SERVICES Identifying 340B Drugs									
Trans Type	Loop	Segment	Element/ Field	Require	ment					
NCPDP		AM07	420-DK	Submission Clarification Code	20	Submission Clarifica used to identify a 3- pharmacy transacti	40B drug for			
837P	2400	SV1	01 (3-6)	Procedure Modifier	UD	Each drug service li modifier UD along v code and NDC				
8371	2400	SV2	02 (3-6)	Procedure Modifier	UD	If bill type is 13x or revenue line must or along with the proc	,			

### 3.2.12.3 NCPDP Pharmacy – Multiple Transaction Submission

The requirement below must be followed when submitting NCPDP pharmacy transactions to EPS. Please note that the requirement is for NCPDP pharmacy transactions only.

- When all NCPDP transactions related to one claim occur within the <u>same</u> adjudication cycle, only the final version of the claim (encounter) should be submitted to EPS unless the final version results in a reversal of the claim.
- When all NCPDP transactions related to one claim occur across <u>multiple</u> adjudication cycles, the final version of the claim (encounter) from <u>each</u> adjudication cycle should be submitted to EPS including a reversal that negates an original from a <u>prior</u> adjudication cycle. As noted above, if the final version of the claim results in a reversal of the original all within the same adjudication cycle, no submission to EPS is necessary.



### 3.2.13 Consumer Directed Attendants

## **3.2.13.1** Reporting Attendant Information

For services provided by Consumer Directed attendants, information about the attendant must be reported on the encounter at the line level. An internal attendant ID will be accepted. Please note that Consumer Directed Attendants are not to be confused with Transportation Attendants.

	CONSUMER DIRECTED ATTENDANTS								
Trans Type	Doc/Line Level	Loop	Segment	Element	Value	Notes			
				01	DQ				
			NM1	02	1	Optional when reporting			
	Document	2310D	INIVIT	03	Attendant Last Name	services rendered by			
	Document	25100		04	Attendant First Name	Consumer Directed			
			REF	01	LU	Attendants			
				02	Internal Attendant ID				
837P				01	DQ				
			NM1	02	1	Required when reporting			
	Line		INIVIT	03	Attendant Last Name	services rendered by			
		2420D		04	Attendant First Name	Consumer Directed			
				01	LU	Attendants			
			REF	02	Internal Attendant ID				



#### 837P - Example **Consumer Directed Attendants** Loop 2000B - Subscriber SBR\*P\*18\*\*\*\*\*\*MC~ N3\*123 ELM ST~ N4\*MADISON HEIGHTS\*VA\*24572~ DMG\*D8\*19500101\*F~ NM1\*PR\*2\*VAMES EPS\*\*\*\*\*PI\*DMAS MEDICAID~ **Loop 2300 - Claim** CLM\*PPL Test 3\*270\*\*\*12:B:1\*Y\*A\*Y\*Y~ K3\*DREC-20170813 DADJ-20170815 DPYM-20170817 PYMS-P~ K3\*CN101-09~ HI\*ABK:E119~ NM1\*DQ\*1\*Attendant\*One~ Provider - Document level - OPTIONAL REF\*LU\*123450~ Internal Attendant Identifier SBR\*P\*18\*\*\*\*\*\*MC~ AMT\*D\*270~ OI\*\*\*Y\*P\*\*Y~ NM1\*PR\*2\*MCO NAME\*\*\*\*PI\*CP19~ **Loop 2420D - Supervising Provider Information** SV1\*HC:S5126\*90.00\*UN\*9.00\*\*\*1~ DTP\*472\*RD8\*20170806-20170812~ K3\*PYMS-P~ - Provider - Line level - REOUIRED NM1\*DQ\*1\*Attendant\*One~ REF\*LU\*123450~ Internal Attendant Identifier (Attendant #1) T.X\*2~ SV1\*HC:S5126\*90.00\*UN\*9.00\*\*\*1~ DTP\*472\*RD8\*20170806-20170812~ K3\*PYMS-P~ NM1\*DQ\*1\*Attendant\*Two~ Provider - Line level - REOUIRED REF\*LU\*6789100~ Internal Attendant Identifier (Attendant #2) T.X\*3~ SV1\*HC:S5126\*90.00\*UN\*9.00\*\*\*1~ DTP\*472\*RD8\*20170806-20170812~ K3\*PYMS-P~ NM1\*DQ\*1\*Attendant\*Three~ Provider - Line level - REQUIRED Internal Attenaant laentijier (Attenaant #3) REF\*LU\*111213~

#### 3.2.13.2 Adjudication/Payment Information - Additional Dates & Payment Status

For adjudication/payment information on Consumer Directed Attendant encounters, the following definitions will be used for the required additional data and payment status. Please note that these definitions override the descriptions listed in Section 3.2.10.1.

#### **Document Level**

- Date of Receipt (DREC) = Payroll Start Date date of the current pay cycle to which a timesheet has been submitted for a payment (mandatory).
- Date of Adjudication (DADJ) = Check Date the date in the payroll cycle that the timesheet enters paid status (mandatory).



- Date of Payment (DPYM) = Date that the CD F/EA Agent is paid by the MCO (mandatory).
- Payment Status (PYMS) = Payment status will always be "P". The Contractor receives 100% voucher payment within specified payment term. As such, the 837 represents encounter data for paid claims (mandatory).

### Line Level

Payment Status (PYMS) = Payment status will always be "P". The Contractor receives 100% voucher
payment within specified payment term. As such, the 837 represents encounter data for paid claims
(mandatory).

	837P — Consumer Directed Attendants Adjudication/Payment Information Additional Payment Dates & Status							
Trans Type	Doc/Line Level	Loop	Segment	Element	Description			
837P	Document Level	2300	КЗ	01	FIELD DESCRIPTION USAGE FORMAT/VALUE  DREC Payroll Start Date Mandatory CCYYMMDD  DADJ Check Date Mandatory CCYYMMDD  DPYM Date CD F/EA Agent is Mandatory CCYYMMDD  paid by MCO  PYMS Payment Status – Paid Mandatory P  Note:  There should be at least one space between the pair values  Each pair must have one hyphen (-) between the field and value  The pair values may be in any order			
	Line Level	2400	К3	01	FIELD DESCRIPTION USAGE FORMAT/VALUE PYMS Payment Status - Paid Mandatory P			

837P - Example						
Sample Format	DREC-CCYYMMDD DADJ-CCYYMMDD DPYM-CCYYMMDD PYMS-P					
K3 Segment	K3*DREC-20170910 DADJ-20170915 DPYM-20170920 PYMS-P					

## 3.2.13.3 Reporting Attendant Overtime

To report overtime for Consumer Directed attendants, procedure modifier "TU" must be present at the service line at loop 2400 in element SV101-3 or SV101-4 through SV101-6 if other modifiers are present on the line. Regular hours and overtime hours must be reported on separate service lines.



#### 3.2.13.4 EVV Requirement Exemption

For situations where EVV requirements are exempt, the "UB" modifier must be present at the service line at loop 2400 in element SV101-3 or SV101-4 through SV101-6 if other modifiers are present on the line. The modifier will indicate the exemption and EPS business rules for EVV will be bypassed.

#### 3.2.14 Newborns without Medicaid IDs

For newborns that do not have a Medicaid ID, the newborn encounter must contain a Medicaid ID that consists of the first 11-digits of the mother's Medicaid ID plus an alpha character in the 12<sup>th</sup> position. The alpha character is to be uppercase and in the range of "A" through "Z". Alpha characters should be used in succession, ascending to descending for each baby.

#### Example:

Mom's Medicaid ID = 111222333449 Baby #1 Medicaid ID = 11122233344A Baby #2 Medicaid ID = 11122233344B Baby #3 Medicaid ID = 11122233344C

	Newborns without Medicaid IDs									
Name	Trans Type	Loop	Segment	Element	Value	Requirements				
Medicaid	837P 837I 837D	2010BA	NM1	09	Mother's Medicaid ID	<ul> <li>Use first 11-digits of mother's Medicaid ID</li> <li>Post-fix alpha character in the 12<sup>th</sup></li> </ul>				
Member ID	NCPDP		AM04	302-C2	+ Alpha character	<ul> <li>position</li> <li>Alpha character range "A-Z", used in succession, ascending to descending for each baby</li> </ul>				

#### 3.2.15 Dental Services

All dental-related services must be reported. There are instances where oral medical services are rendered along with or in addition to dental services. When services occur in a facility or hospital setting, the service is typically billed as a medical claim using a dental-related HCPCS procedure code. If there is no appropriate dental-related HCPCS procedure code available, the encounter must use an American Dental Association code (AD) and be submitted on an 837D transaction. AD codes are only allowed on 837D transactions and HCPCS dental-related medical codes are only allowed on 837P/837I transactions.



#### 3.2.16 Enhanced Benefit Services

Some payers offer enhanced benefit services to their members. When these services are present on the encounter, the payer must identify the service as an enhanced benefit by using an indicator at the service line. The indicator consists of a field label ("Field" column in chart below), a hyphen immediately following, and the field value. The field label must appear exactly as shown in the chart below. Field/value pairs may be in any order when multiple field/value pairs are used (e.g. PYMS-P and EBIN-Y together). There must be at least one space to serve as a delimiter between the pairs. See 837P example below.

			83	7 – Identif	ying En	hanced Benefi	ts	
Doc/Line Level	Trans Type	Loop	Segment	Element			Description	
Line	837P	2400	К3	01	• Each		USAGE Required when enhanced services are present; Omitted on non-enhanced benefit services.  one space between the phyphen(-) between the finany order	
Level	8371	2400	NTE	02	• Each		USAGE  Required when enhanced services are present; Omitted on non-enhanced benefit services.  one space between the phyphen(-) between the fin any order	

	837 Example					
Sample Format	EXAMPLE 1: PYMS-x EBIN-Y EXAMPLE 2: EBIN-Y PYMS-x					
Line Level K3 Segment	EXAMPLE 1: K3*PYMS-P EBIN-Y EXAMPLE 2: K3*EBIN-Y PYMS-D					



#### 3.2.17 Supplemental Encounter Data for Reporting

#### 3.2.17.1 Reporting Payment Reductions for ER Utilization & Hospital Readmissions

This data requirement is to support DMAS reporting of budget amendment payment reductions for emergency room utilization (313 #28C) and hospital readmissions (313 #29C). These requirements are applicable to Medallion 4 and CCC Plus medical encounters only. The MCO must identify an encounter for which payment was reduced in accordance with the new budget amendment by including a K3 segment with the reduction amount as described below.

If available, all payment reduction amounts for this reporting requirement must be sent in the 2300 loop, K3 segment, data element K301. The K301 data element will contain a concatenated value of a label, a hyphen, and an associated dollar amount of zero or greater. If a reduction in payment occurred but the payment reduction amount is not available, the associated dollar amount will be zero. If a reduction in payment occurred and payment reduction amount is available, the associated amount (greater than zero) must be populated on the K301 segment.

837 – Reporting Payment Reductions - ER Utilization & Hospital Readmissions									
Doc/Line Level	Trans Type	Loop	Segment	Element	Description				
					FIELD	DESCRIPTION	USAGE	FORMAT/VALUE	
Document Level					NONEMG	Indicates that a payment reduction occurred for a non-emergent service that occurred in the ER	Required when a payment reduction occurs	9999999 or 9999999.99 See X12 837 TR3 Appendix B (Nomenclature) for decimal data element type definition	
	837P 837I	2300	К3	01	READMT	Indicates that a payment reduction occurred for an inpatient readmission	Required when a payment reduction occurs	9999999 or 9999999.99 See X12 837 TR3 Appendix B (Nomenclature) for decimal data element type definition	
					NONE     When should K3 seg     The value was referenced.	yphen(-) is required between IMG and READMT labels are reported the NONEMG or READMT in the NONEMG or A Segment of the Noccur on a K3 segment of the Noccurrence alone. The Noccurrence alone must be a dollar amount educed. A value of zero indicated but the dollar amount countries are segment to the North Read Segment of the North	nutually excludicator is used with other K3 lings by which the ates that a red	sive , the field/label abels. It will be on a payment amount luction in payment	



#### 3.2.17.1.1 Reporting Payment Reductions for Emergency Room Utilization on Professional Encounters (837P)

For 837P, the label "NONEMG" will indicate a payment reduction for emergency room utilization. The payment amount will include the total of all payment reductions at the line level related to emergency room utilization on the claim. If a reduction in payment occurred but the amount cannot be determined, the payment reduction amount will be zero.

Reporting Payment Reductions – ER Utilization 837P – Examples							
	Payment reduction amount: \$486.10						
Example 1	Format: K3*NONEMG-99999999999						
	K3 segment: K3*NONEMG-486.10~						
	Payment reduction amount: \$467.00						
Example 2	Format: K3*NONEMG-9999999~						
	K3 segment: K3*NONEMG-467~						
	Payment reduction occurred but the amount cannot be determined						
Example 3	Format: K3*NONEMG-9999999~						
	K3 segment: K3*NONEMG-0~						

### 3.2.17.1.2 Reporting Payment Reductions for Emergency Room Utilization on Institutional Encounters (837I)

For 837I, the label "NONEMG" will indicate a payment reduction for emergency room utilization. The payment amount will include the total of all payment reductions at the line level related to emergency room utilization on the claim. If a reduction in payment occurred but the amount cannot be determined, the payment reduction amount will be zero.

Reporting Payment Reductions – ER Utilization								
	837I – Examples							
	Payment reduction amount: \$5,843.40							
Example 1	Format: K3*NONEMG-9999999.99~							
	K3 segment: K3*NONEMG-5843.40~							
	Payment reduction amount: \$1,389.00							
Example 2	Format: K3*NONEMG-9999999~							
	K3 segment: K3*NONEMG-1389~							
	Payment reduction occurred but the amount cannot be determined							
Example 3	Format: K3*NONEMG-9999999~							
	K3 segment: K3*NONEMG-0~							



## 3.2.17.1.3 Reporting Payment Reductions for Hospital Readmission on Institutional Encounters (837I)

The label "READMT" will indicate a payment reduction for hospital readmission. The payment amount will include the total of all payment reductions at the line level related to hospital readmission on the claim. If a reduction in payment occurred but the amount cannot be determined, the payment reduction amount will be zero.

	Reporting Payment Reductions - Hospital Readmission								
	837I – Examples								
	Payment reduction amount: \$3,522.10								
Example 1	Format: K3*READMT-9999999.99~								
	K3 segment: K3*READMT-3522.10~								
	Payment reduction amount: \$2,199.00								
Example 2	Format: K3*READMT-9999999~								
	K3 segment: K3*READMT-2199~								
	Payment reduction occurred but the amount cannot be determined								
Example 3	Format: K3*READMT-9999999~								
	K3 segment: K3*READMT-0~								



## 3.3 Encounter Testing Requirements

### 3.3.1 Testing System Implementations or Changes

The Contractor is required to submit test files for any event on their side that will impact the submission and/or the content of the encounter data before submitting encounter transactions to the EPS production environment. Examples of an event include: new internal encounter processing system, outsourcing the processing of encounters to a vendor, change to the existing encounter system software, change in subcontractor, change in software by the subcontractor, a change to the subcontractor's system, etc. The DMAS encounter teams must be notified of such events as soon as possible so that they may work with the Contractor concerning EPS testing.

The Contractor is also required to submit test files when the DMAS encounter teams announce new encounter requirements, add or update EPS business rules, or when other events necessitate changes to the encounter data.

DMAS will issue a customized EPS test plan to the Contractor which will contain scenarios that are designed to test encounter requirements that are applicable to the event. DMAS will review the results of the test plan and provide production submission approval once all scenarios are successfully executed.

When a major event or change occurs, the Contractor must have a plan in place to minimize disruption of submitting production encounters to EPS. In situations where submission interruption cannot be avoided, an aggressive timeline must be used for EPS testing to minimize delayed encounter submission and to avoid a large backlog of encounter transactions.

#### 3.3.2 New Subcontractors – Testing Expectations & Timeline

The DMAS encounter teams should be notified as soon as possible when there is an upcoming change in subcontracted member services. When there is a new subcontractor, the Contractor must submit the appropriate EPS registration documents to obtain a new EPS subcontractor ID. Immediately following setup, it is recommended that a test transaction be submitted to confirm functionality.

DMAS will provide an EPS test plan to the Contractor to ensure that all encounter file and data requirements are met by the Contractor/Subcontractor. The Contractor/Subcontractor should make every effort to use production data, when available, for test plan execution. Test data may be used during the early stages of testing to expedite the process. Within two weeks of the new subcontractor's first payment cycle, the Contractor must submit the first production volume test file to EPS while continuing to complete the individual test scenarios, if needed. Subsequent volume tests may be requested. Further details will be indicated in the DMAS-issued test plan.

The Contractor will be required to successfully complete all testing and submit the final version of the test plan results for review by DMAS no later than 60 days from the "go live" date of the subcontractor implementation. Submission of production encounter files must begin no later than 10 calendar days after DMAS approval of the test results.



## 4 EPS Processing

The purpose of this section is to provide an overall understanding of how EPS will track and create a status on each encounter transaction. There is also discussion concerning Claim Frequency types and EPS requirements for Replacement and Void transactions.

## 4.1 Understanding EPS Encounter Tracking & Status

### 4.1.1 EPS-assigned File Identifier

Each EDI file that is submitted to DMAS will be assigned a unique File Identifier and returned to the Contractor via the Acknowledgement (ACK) file. Please see the *COV EDI Procedure Manual* for further details about the Acknowledgement file. The File Identifier is an important number that is used by DMAS to track the file and is used for file identification when communicating with the Contractor. The layout below displays the structure of the File ID along with an example: F17050100005CPCP01EP.

	FILE IDENTIFER									
	File Identifier	Submission Date	Numeric Counter	Service Center	Transaction Indicator	Transaction Type				
Position	1	2-7	8-14	15-18	19	20				
Format/ Value(s)	F=File	YY [17-99] MM [01-12] DD [01-31]	9999999	CPxx NExx M4xx DExx	E=Encounter F=FFS	P=837P I=837I D=837D N=NCPDP				
Example	F	170501	0000600	CP01	E	P				

### 4.1.2 EPS-assigned Transaction Control Number (TCN)

EPS assigns a Transaction Control Number (TCN) for every encounter transaction that is submitted to DMAS. The TCN is unique and is used for tracking the transaction through EPS processing. The layout below displays the structure of the TCN along with an example: T1705010000023BCPEPO.

	Transaction Control Number (TCN)									
	Trans ID	Submission Date	Trans Count Per Day	Submission Program Source Identifier		Encounter / FFS	Trans Type	Claim Frequency		
Position	1	2-7	8-14	15	16-17	18	19	20		
Format/ Value(s)	T = Trans ID	YY [17-99] MM [01-12] DD [01-31]	0000001- 9999999	B=Batch R=Reprocess	CP=CCC Plus NE=FFS NEMT M4=Medallion DE=FFS Dental	E=Encounter	P=837P I=837I D=837D N=NCPDP	O=Original R=Replacement V=Void		
Example	Т	170501	0000023	В	CP	Е	Р	0		



## 4.1.3 EPS-assigned Status

Once an Encounter is processed, the EPS will set the following statuses to define the state of the encounter: Validation Status, Active/Inactive Status, and Paid/Denied Status.

A Validation Status is set on the Encounter after all EPS business rules have been applied to the Encounter. The Validation Status for the Encounter will be set to either PASS or FAIL after processing is complete. DMAS may override the Validation Status from FAIL to PASS, HOLD, or EXCLUDE if deemed necessary.

EPS maintains a versioning method for processed transactions. The current transaction will be flagged as ACTIVE (Validation status may be PASS or FAIL). For example, once a replacement transaction is processed by the EPS, the original transaction status is set to INACTIVE and the replacement transaction becomes ACTIVE. Inactive transactions are considered to be historical.

An EPS Paid/Denied status is set based on whether the Payer considers the claim to be paid or denied. The Payer will provide a Paid /Denied status on the inbound record (see section 3.2.10.1 PYMS Payment Status provided on the K3 segment).

EPS Status	Value	EPS Status Description
	PASS	Transaction has passed all EPS business rules.
	FAIL	Transaction has failed one or more EPS business rules.
Validation Status	HOLD	Transaction has been manually set to a HOLD status because it falsely failed an EPS business rule (transaction should have passed). Transaction will be reprocessed once the EPS business rule is functioning properly. Validation Status is assumed to be PASS for reporting purposes and for the Data Quality Scorecard.
	EXCLUDE	Transaction has been manually set to an EXCLUDE status to allow the transaction to be excluded and suppressed from all reporting. This status represents transactions that should have not been submitted to EPS. Active/Inactive Status is set to INACTIVE.
A ations /leas ations	ACTIVE	The most recent transaction received for an encounter in EPS is
Active/Inactive Status	INACTIVE	considered the ACTIVE version. All prior transactions in the EPS, if any, are considered INACTIVE.
Paid/Denied	PAID	The EPS Paid/Denied Status is set from the PYMS Payment Status value that is populated by the Payer on the inbound encounter transaction (K3
Status	DENIED	segment).



## 4.2 Transaction Frequency

The EPS will accept a variety of Claim Frequency Type Codes (837) and Transaction Codes (NCPDP). The chart below shows the values that EPS will accept.

837								
Claim Frequency Type Code - EPS Acceptable Values								
Transaction	Element	Element Loop Segment Element Acce						
Type	Name	Loop	Segment	Element	Values			
837P	Claim Frequency Type Code	2300	CLM	05-3	1, 7, 8			
8371	Claim Frequency Type Code	2300	CLM	05-3	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9			
837D	Claim Frequency Type Code	2300	CLM	05-3	1, 7, 8			

NCPDP								
Transaction Code - EPS Acceptable Values								
Transaction Type	Element Name	Segment	Element	Acceptable Values	Notes			
NCPDP	Transaction Code	Transaction Header	103-A3	B1, B2	EPS will not accept B3 (rebills).			

## 4.2.1 Replacement Transactions

### 4.2.1.1 Professional and Institutional (837) Encounters

A professional or institutional (837) encounter with a Claim Frequency Code of "7" indicates a Replacement encounter transaction. The Replacement transaction must contain a "pointer" to the encounter that is to be replaced in the EPS (original or replacement). For the Replacement transaction to process successfully in the EPS, the following rules apply:

- The "pointer" value on the Replacement transaction must equal the <u>Payer Claim ID</u> of the encounter in EPS that is to be replaced
- Using the "pointer" value on the Replacement transaction, EPS must be able to locate the encounter in EPS that is to be replaced
- The encounter that is to be replaced must have a Validation status of PASS in order for the replacement to process successfully without DMAS intervention
- The encounter that is to be replaced must have an ACTIVE status
- An encounter with a PAID or DENIED status may be replaced
- Replacement of a previously replaced transaction is allowed
- Replacement transactions should not be "manufactured" by the Payer with the sole intent to correct EPS encounter failures. See section 5 for Correcting Encounter data in EPS.



837 Replacement Transaction								
Trans Type	Element Name	Loop	Segment	Element	Value	Notes		
	Patient Control Number	2300	CLM	01	Unique Payer Claim ID	Must be unique		
837P	Claim Frequency Code	2300	CLM	05-3	7	Indicates replacement		
837D 837I	REF – Payer Claim Control Number	2300	REF	01 02	F8 Payer Claim ID of encounter that is to be replaced (Original or Replacement)	"Points" to encounter that is to be replaced		

### 4.2.1.2 Pharmacy (NCPDP) Encounters

For Pharmacy Encounters (NCPDP), the EPS does not accept Rebill (B3) transactions. In place of the rebill, the Payer should submit a Void/Reversal (B2) transaction, confirm that the Void/Reversal (B2) transaction has a PASS status, and then submit a New Billing/Original (B1) transaction with the replacement data.

#### 4.2.2 Void Transactions

#### 4.2.2.1 Professional and Institutional (837) Encounters

A professional or institutional (837) Encounter with a Claim Frequency Code of "8" indicates a Void encounter transaction. The Void transaction must contain a "pointer" to the encounter that is to be voided in the EPS.

For the Void transaction to process successfully in the EPS, the following rules apply:

- The "pointer" value on the Void transaction must equal the <u>Payer Claim ID</u> of the encounter in EPS that is to be voided
- Using the "pointer" value on the Void transaction, the EPS must be able to locate the encounter in EPS that is to be voided
- The encounter that is to be voided must have a Validation status of PASS in order for the void to process successfully without DMAS intervention
- The encounter that is to be voided must have an ACTIVE status
- An original or replaced encounter may be voided
- An encounter with a PAID or DENIED status may be voided
- Once voided, no subsequent transactions (replacement or void) are allowed
- Void transactions should not be "manufactured" by the Payer with the sole intent to correct EPS encounter failures. See section 5 for Correcting Encounter data in EPS



837 Void Transaction								
Trans Type			Segment	Element	Value	Notes		
	Patient Control Number	2300	CLM	01	Unique Payer Claim ID	Must be unique		
837P	Claim Frequency Code	2300	CLM	05-3	8	Indicates Void		
837D 837I	REF – Payer Claim Control Number	2300	REF	01 02	F8 Payer Claim ID of encounter that is to be voided (Original or Replacement)	"Points" to encounter that should be voided.		

### 4.2.2.2 Pharmacy (NCPDP) Encounters

For Pharmacy encounters (NCPDP), a reversal transaction (B2) must be used to reverse/void the Original Encounter. The reversal transaction must contain a set of keys that will be used as a "pointer" to the encounter that is to be reversed. Only a New Billing/Original may be voided.

For the Reversal transaction to process successfully in the EPS, the following rules apply:

- Using the "pointer" keys, the EPS must be able to locate the original of the encounter that is to be reversed
- The encounter that is to be reversed/voided must have a Validation status of PASS
- The encounter that is to be reversed/voided must have an ACTIVE status
- Only a new billing/original may be voided
- Once voided, no subsequent reversals are allowed

	NCPDP Reversal (B2) Transaction								
Trans Type	Element Name	Segment	Element	Value	Notes				
	Service Provider ID (Pharmacy NPI)	Transaction Header	201-B1	Pharmacy NPI of claim that is to be reversed					
NCDDD	Date of Service	Transaction Header 401-D1		Date of Service of the encounter that is to be reversed	"Pointer" key values used				
NCPDP	Prescription No.	Claim	402-D2	Prescription No. of the encounter that is to be reversed	to locate the encounter that is to be reversed				
	NDC	Claim	407-D7	NDC on the encounter that is to be reversed					

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## 4.2.3 "Best Practices" for Replacement and Void Transactions

To ensure success of replacement and void/reversal transactions in the EPS, a best practice is to confirm that the companion transaction (original or prior replacement) has a Validation status of PASS in the EPS before submitting the replacement or void transaction to DMAS.

When EPS receives a replacement or void transaction originating from the Payer's Claim Adjudication/Processing system, the encounter transaction that resides in EPS must have a Validation status of PASS for EPS to allow the update. If the EPS transaction to be updated has a status of FAIL, all subsequent replacement or void transactions will also result in a FAIL status. The DMAS Encounter teams will work with the Payer in processing these transactions.



# 5 Correcting Encounter Data in EPS

The Payer must correct all EPS Validation errors ("E" errors). Encounter data correction must occur with a RESEND or RESUBMISSION transaction when the data will not be corrected from transactions processed by the Payer's Claim Adjudication/Processing system. Replacement or Void transactions that are processed by the Payer's Claim Adjudication/Processing system and result in the correction of an EPS encounter error do not require a RESEND or RESUBMISSION transaction. Replacement or Void transactions should not be "manufactured" by the Payer with the sole intent to correct EPS encounter failures.

It is important to note that DMAS will reconcile EPS Encounter transaction counts with transaction counts from the Payer's Claim Adjudication/Processing system to determine "Encounter Completeness". It is essential that the EPS encounter transaction counts match Payer's <u>claim</u> transaction counts.

There are several methods available in EPS that can be used for correcting Encounter data when the correction will not occur via Replacement/Void transactions originating from the Payer's Claim Adjudication/Processing system. The method selected will depend on the EPS Validation status (PASS/FAIL) of the erroneous encounter transaction. EPS will only allow corrections to encounter transactions with an ACTIVE status. Corrections to transactions with an INACTIVE status are not allowed.

- Use the EPS RESEND method when the encounter transaction has a Validation status of FAIL
- Use EPS RESUBMISSION method when the encounter transaction has a Validation status of PASS



## 5.1 Using the RESEND method

An EPS RESEND is to be used when the EPS encounter transaction has a Validation status of FAIL and the data will not be corrected from transactions processed by the Payer's Claim Adjudication/Processing system. An EPS Validation status of FAIL indicates that one or more "E" errors have been flagged on the encounter transaction.

Instructions for creating a RESEND transaction:

- Update/correct the data that was flagged as an EPS "E" error on the erroneous transaction
- Using the <u>same</u> Payer Claim ID, submit the corrected encounter transaction to EPS
- Note: There is no "resend indicator" on the transaction. EPS will recognize the transaction as a RESEND
  when an encounter with the matching Payer Claim ID is found in EPS and the Validation status is FAIL. If
  an encounter with the matching Payer Claim ID is found in EPS and the Validation status is PASS, EPS will
  flag the RESEND transaction as a duplicate.

For the RESEND transaction to process successfully in the EPS, the following rules apply:

- The same Payer Claim ID as the erroneous transaction must be used on the RESEND transaction
- EPS must be able to locate the erroneous encounter
- The erroneous encounter in EPS must have a Validation status of FAIL
- The erroneous encounter in EPS must have an ACTIVE status. Encounters in EPS that have an INACTIVE status may not be corrected

	837 - Resend							
Trans Type	Element Name	Loop	Segment	Element	Value	Notes		
837P 837D 837I	Patient Control Number	2300	CLM	01	Payer Claim ID	Must match the Payer Claim ID of the encounter that needs to be corrected		

NCPDP – Resend							
Trans Type	Element Name	Loop	Segment	Element	Value	Notes	
NCPDP	Payer Claim ID		AM01	СХ	99	Must match the Payer Claim ID of the encounter	
				CY	Payer Claim ID	that needs to be corrected	

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## 5.2 Using the RESUBMISSION method

An EPS RESUBMSSION is to be used when the EPS encounter transaction has a Validation status of PASS and the data will not be updated from transactions processed by the Payer's Claim Adjudication/Processing system. Most likely, this method will be used infrequently as the encounter transaction in EPS has met all data requirements. However, there can be rare situations where the Payer needs to update the EPS encounter transaction due to an issue within their internal systems. Example: An encounter transaction is submitted to EPS. EPS does not flag any errors on the transaction resulting in an EPS Validation of PASS. The Payer realizes that a mapping error occurred during the encounter extraction process and a corrected version of the encounter transaction needs to be submitted to EPS. The RESUBMISSION method must be used to submit the updated transaction to EPS.

Instructions for creating a RESUBMISSION transaction:

- The encounter must contain the "Date of Resubmission" as shown below. The "Date of Resubmission" should be the date that the encounter is resubmitted to DMAS.
- Resubmit the corrected encounter transaction to EPS using the <u>same</u> Payer Claim ID and including the "Date of Resubmission".

For the RESUBMISSION transaction to process successfully in the EPS, the following rules apply:

- The encounter must contain the "Date of Resubmission" as this will inform EPS that the transaction is being resubmitted. Otherwise, EPS will flag the transaction as a duplicate.
- The <u>same</u> Payer Claim ID as the encounter that needs to be updated must be used on the resubmitted transaction
- EPS must be able to locate the encounter that needs to be updated
- The encounter in EPS that needs to be updated must have a Validation status of PASS
- The encounter in EPS that needs to be updated must have an ACTIVE status. Encounters in EPS that have an INACTIVE status may not be updated.
- Please note the following restrictions for the claim frequency element (CLM05-3) on 837 transactions.
  - When the encounter in EPS (target) that is being updated by the resubmission has a claim frequency of replacement (7) or void (8), the resubmission encounter must have the same claim frequency as the EPS target encounter.
  - When the encounter in EPS (target) that is being updated by the resubmission has a claim frequency other than replacement (7) or void (8), the claim frequency may be updated with a claim frequency other than 7 or 8.
  - See Section 4.2 for further details regarding claim frequency.



837 - Resubmission								
Doc/Line Level	Trans Type	Loop	Segment	Element	Description			
			CLM	01	Must match the Payer Claim ID of the encounter that needs to be modified.			
Document Level	837P 837D 837I	2300	К3	01	• Eac	DESCRIPTION  Date of Receipt  Date of Adjudication  Date of Payment  Date of Resubmission  Payment Status - Paid  Payment Status - Denied  ere should be at least one sp th pair must have one hyphe e pair values may be in any of	n(-) between the fi	

837 Example							
Sample Format	DREC-CCYYMMDD DADJ-CCYYMMDD DPYM-CCYYMMDD DRES-CCYYMMDD PYMS-x						
K3 Segment	K3*DREC-20170223 DADJ-20170224 DPYM-20170225 PYMS-P K3*DREC-20170223 DADJ-20170224 DPYM-20170225 PYMS-D K3*DREC-20170223 DADJ-20170224 DPYM-20170225 DRES-20170227 PYMS-P K3*DREC-20170223 DADJ-20170224 DPYM-20170225 DRES-20170227 PYMS-D						

NCPDP – Resubmission								
Doc/Line Level	Trans Type	Loop	Segment	Element	Description			
				CX	Value mus	t be 99		
CY Must match the Payer Claim ID of the e					encounter that nee	encounter that needs to be modified.		
Document Level	NCPDP	АМ	AM01	HZ	• Eac	DESCRIPTION  Date of Receipt  Date of Adjudication  Date of Payment  Date of Resubmission  Payment Status - Paid Payment Status - Denied  Pare should be at least one so the pair must have one hypher pair values may be in any	nen(-) between the	



NCPDP Example							
Sample Format	DREC-CCYYMMDD DADJ-CCYYMMDD DPYM-CCYYMMDD DRES-CCYYMMDD PYMS-x						
HN Field	HNDREC-20170223 DADJ-20170224 DPYM-20170225 DRES-20170227 PYMS-P HNDREC-20170223 DADJ-20170224 DPYM-20170225 DRES-20170227 PYMS-D						

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## 6 EPS Business Rules

One of the features of EPS is that business rules are defined, packaged, and applied by Contract. This means that the DMAS business teams have the ability to create and apply business requirements differently for CCC Plus, Medallion 4.0, FFS NEMT, and FFS Dental encounters. Although separate, most of the business rules are commonly defined across all contracts to ensure that DMAS receives encounter data that is as consistent as possible. Differences in business rules may be related to the specific population served by the contract (e.g., CCC Plus contract provides services at nursing homes whereas the Medallion 4.0 contract does not).

The EPS business rules for each contract may be found on the EPS portal. The portal provides details about each business rule including the applicability of the rule to the transaction type, claim frequency, and paid vs. denied status. In addition, supporting EDI elements used in the business rule logic are defined. Periodically, DMAS will issue a consolidated EPS Business rule list via email that also shows the same detailed information.



## 7 EPS Cache Code Sets

The EPS Cache Code Sets are a collection of codes or values that are referenced by the EPS business rules when an encounter transaction is processed. The code sets are used primarily to validate data submitted in the encounter, to determine if a rule applies to the encounter and to determine if the encounter is exempt form a rule. All EPS Cache Code sets may be viewed on the EPS Portal.

The EPS Cache Code Sets are a collection of codes or values that are used by EPS when processing an encounter transaction. The code sets are primarily used for validating elements on the encounter but some have other purposes as well. The values may be used to bypass or provide an exception to applying an EPS business rule or they may simply be a subset of values that are accepted by EPS. All EPS Cache Code sets may be viewed on the EPS Portal.

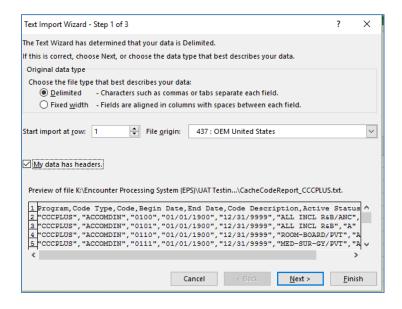
## 7.1 EPS Cache Code Set Values – Download Available

The EPS Cache Code Sets file is available for download from the EPS Portal under the Reports - Other Reports menu option.

### Instructions to Import the DMAS EPS Cache Code Set File into Excel

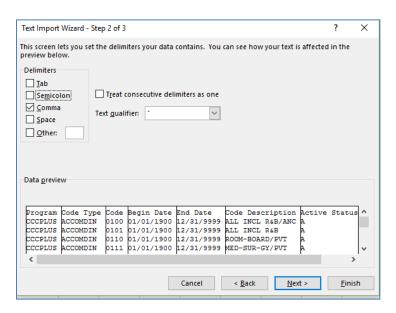
To view the Cache Code Set Values file in Excel, import the txt file into Excel as documented below. Do not open the file in Excel by changing the extension to csv. This method will cause leading zeros to be dropped from the values.

- 1. Download the Cache Code Set Values text file from the EPS Portal Reports- Other Reports.
- 2. Open an Excel workbook.
- 3. Select Data -> Get External Data -> From Text.
- 4. Select the file to be imported and click Import.
- 5. For Step 1 of the Text Import Wizard, check Delimited and My data has headers and click Next.

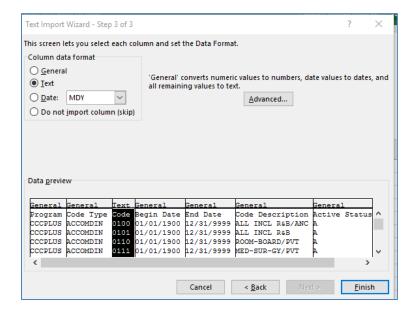




6. For Step 2 of the Text Import Wizard, select Comma and click Next.



7. For part 1 of Step 3 of the Text Import Wizard, select the Code column in the Data Preview Pane and select the Text column data format.





8. For part 2 of Step 3 of the Text Import Wizard, select the Begin and End Data columns in the Data Preview Pane, select the Date column data format and then select Finish.

